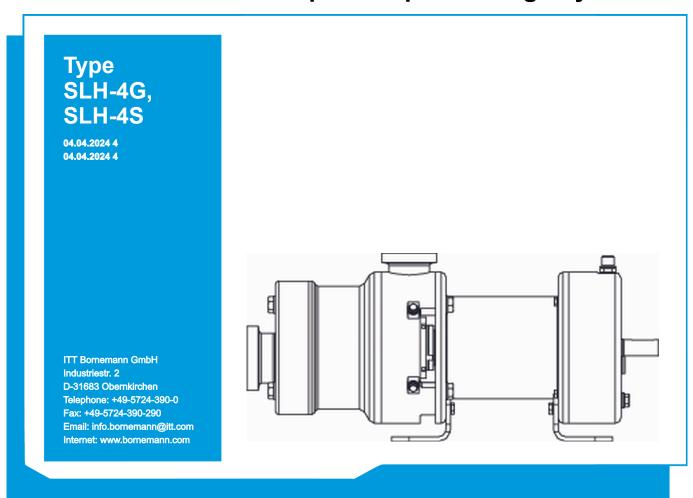
# Operating instructions Screw pump

Translation of the original operating instructions Read the instructions prior to performing any task!





4, en\_GB

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# **Table of contents**

1	About this manual	7
	1.1 Target groups	7
	1.2 Additionally applicable documentation	7
	1.3 Warning signs and symbols	8
	1.4 Technical terms	g
2	Safety	11
	2.1 Proper use	11
	2.2 Improper use	12
	2.3 Risk assessment	12
	2.4 Safety instructions	13
	2.4.1 Product safety	13
	2.4.2 Obligations of the operator	14
	2.4.3 Obligations of the personnel	15
	2.4.4 Laws, guidelines and standards	15
	2.5 Special hazards	15
	2.5.1 Potentially explosive area	16
	2.5.2 Hazardous pumped media	16
	2.5.3 Concentration of natural radioactivity	16
3	Structure and function	18
	3.1 Labelling	18
	3.1.1 Type plate	18
	3.1.2 Type designation	19
	3.2 Structure.	19
	3.3 Shaft seals	21
	3.3.1 Mechanical seal	21
	3.4 Auxiliary operating systems	22
	3.5 CIP/SIP cleaning (Cleaning/Sterilisation in Place)	22
4	Transport and storage	23
	4.1 Transportation	23
	4.1.1 Unpacking and checking the condition of contents	23
	4.1.2 Lifting	23
	4.2 Preservation	25
	4.2.1 For storage periods less than 3 months	25
	4.2.2 For storage periods longer than 3 months (maximum 3 years).	25
	4.3 Storage	26
	4.4 Removing the preservative	26
5	Installation and connection	28
	5.1 Preparing the pump assembly	28
	5.1.1 Preparing the pump	28
	5.1.2 Fitting the heat insulation (ontional)	28



5.1.3 Fitting the coupling	29
5.1.4 Installing the motor on the base plate	30
5.2 Preparing for installation	30
5.2.1 Checking the ambient conditions	30
5.2.2 Preparing the installation site	31
5.2.3 Preparing the foundation and base	31
5.3 Positioning the pump unit on the foundation	31
5.3.1 Placing the pump unit on the foundation	32
5.3.2 Aligning the base plate	32
5.3.3 Secure the pump assembly	33
5.4 Mounting the pump unit without foundation	33
5.5 Aligning the pump assembly	34
5.5.1 Determining alignment tolerances	34
5.5.2 Pump alignment tolerances	35
5.5.3 Taking into account peak height changes	37
5.5.4 Checking the coupling alignment	38
5.5.5 Aligning the motor	40
5.5.6 Fitting the coupling guard	40
5.6 Planning the pipelines	40
5.6.1 Configuring supports and flange connections	41
5.6.2 Determining nominal widths	41
5.6.3 Determining pipeline lengths	41
5.6.4 Optimising changes in diameter and direction	41
5.6.5 Avoiding overpressure	42
5.6.6 Provide safety and control equipment	42
5.6.7 Using hose lines	44
5.7 Connecting pipelines	45
5.7.1 Avoiding contamination of the pipes	45
5.7.2 Installing auxiliary pipes	45
5.7.3 Installing the inlet line	45
5.7.4 Installing the outlet line	46
5.7.5 Fitting the heating line (optional)	46
5.7.6 Checking that the pipe connection is tension free	46
5.8 Electrical connection	46
5.8.1 Earth the pump	46
5.8.2 Connect the motor	47
5.8.3 Checking the direction of rotation	47
5.8.4 Connecting the instrumentation	48
Operation	49
6.1 Performing initial commissioning	49
6.1.1 Determining the pump type	49

6



	6.1.3 Removing the preservative	50
	6.1.4 Lubricating bearings/gears	50
	6.1.5 Preparing auxiliary operating systems (if present)	50
	6.1.6 Inertisation (for ATEX)	51
	6.1.7 Filling and bleeding	52
	6.1.8 Switching on with initial commissioning	52
	6.1.9 Switching off with initial commissioning	54
	6.2 Operation	54
	6.2.1 Preparing for operation	55
	6.2.2 Switching on	55
	6.2.3 Switching off	56
	6.3 Cleaning/sterilizing the pump	56
	6.3.1 CIP cleaning/sterilising at CIP temperature below 80 °C	57
	6.3.2 CIP cleaning/sterilising at CIP temperature above 80 °C and pump with sealing system or quench system	57
	6.3.3 CIP cleaning/sterilising at CIP temperature above 80 °C and pump without sealing system, without quench system	57
	6.3.4 Mechanically cleaning/sterilising	58
	6.4 Putting out of operation	59
	6.4.1 Measures in accordance with the conveyed medium	59
	6.5 Recommissioning	59
	6.6 Operating the stand-by pump	60
	6.7 Disposal	60
7	Maintenance and repairs	61
	7.1 Wearing parts	61
	7.2 Monitoring	61
	7.3 Maintenance	62
	7.3.1 Maintenance table	64
	7.3.2 Lubrication	65
	7.4 Remove pump and send to manufacturer	66
	7.4.1 Removing the pump	67
	7.4.2 Sending the pump to the manufacturer	68
	7.5 Repair pump	68
	7.5.1 Ordering spare parts	69
	7.6 Lubrication points	69
	7.7 Lubricant	69
	7.8 Lubricant amounts	70
	7.9 Preservative agents	70
	7.10 Cleaning agent	70
8	Troubleshooting	71



9	Appendix	73
	9.1 Technical data	73
	9.1.1 Ambient conditions	73
	9.1.2 Noise level	73
	9.2 Declaration of no objection.	74
	9.3 Declaration in accordance with the EC machinery directive	75
	9.3.1 Declaration of conformity in accordance with the EC machinery directive	75
	9.3.2 Declaration of incorporation in accordance with the EC machinery directive	76
	9.4 Declarations according to Machinery (Safety) Regulations – UKCA	77
	9.4.1 Declaration of Conformity to Machinery (Safety) Regulations – UKCA.	77
	9.4.2 Declaration of Incorporation to Machinery (Safety) Regulations	78

7



# 1 About this manual

This manual:

- Is part of the pump;
- is applicable to the specified SLH-4G and SLH-4S series.

# 1.1 Target groups

Tab. 1: Target groups and their tasks

Target group	Definition	Task
Operator	The operator is any individual who uses the pump or under whose direction the pump is used.	<ul> <li>Keep this manual available at the site of operation, also for subsequent use.</li> <li>Ensure that personnel read and observe these instructions and all supplied documents, in particular the safety and warning information.</li> <li>Observe additional system-specific instructions and specifications.</li> </ul>
Specialist personnel	The authorised specialist personnel must: <ul> <li>have several years of experience in the field or vocational training in the repair, maintenance and inspection of pumps;</li> <li>be familiar with commissioning, operation and maintenance of the ITT Bornemann GmbH pumps;</li> <li>be qualified, trained or instructed;</li> <li>be aware of all relevant regulations and standards;</li> <li>have specialist electrical engineering knowledge.</li> </ul>	read, observe and adhere to this manual and the additional docu- ments supplied, in particular the safety and warning information.

# 1.2 Additionally applicable documentation

Tab. 2: Additionally applicable documents and their purpose

Document	Description	
System documentation 1)	Technical documentation for pump assembly or system	
ATEX supplemental manual 1)	Operation in potentially explosive areas	
Spare parts lists 1)	Sectioned drawings, parts numbers, component designation	
Declaration of conformity	Conformity to standards, contents of the declaration of conformity (→ Chapter 9.3 'Declaration in accordance with the EC machinery directive' on page 75)	
Dimensioned drawings	Dimensions, weight, connections	
Pump data sheet	Technical data, operating conditions, output and operating limits	
Supplier documentation 1)	Technical documentation for supplier's parts	
1) Only included in the scope of supply if the pump has been ordered correspondingly.		



# 1.3 Warning signs and symbols

#### Warning information

Warning information given in this manual is designated by the use of symbols. The warning information is initiated by signal words which indicate the extent of the risk.

Warning information	Danger level	Consequences in the event of non-compliance
<u></u> <b>M</b> DANGER	Directly impending danger	Death, serious injuries
<u></u> <b>MARNING</b>	Possible impending danger	Death, serious injuries
<b><u>∧</u></b> CAUTION	Possible hazardous situation	Minor injuries
! NOTE	Possible hazardous situation	Property damage

## Warning information in the instructions

Warning information may relate to specific, individual instructions. Such warning information is embedded in the corresponding instruction, in order to improve readability while carrying out the task. The signal words described above are used.

#### Example:

1. Loosen screw.





Close the cover carefully.

3. Tighten screw.

#### Special warning information

The following symbols are used within the warning information in order to make you aware of special risks:

Warning signs	Type of danger
	Warning – danger zone.
	Warning – high-voltage.
EX	Warning – explosive atmosphere.
	Warning – suspended load.
	Warning – radioactive substances or ionising radiation.

9



#### Tips and recommendations



This symbol highlights useful tips and recommendations as well as information for ensuring efficient and trouble-free operation.

# **Additional designation**

The following designations are used in the manual to highlight instructions, results, lists, references and other elements:

Labelling	Explanation
1., 2., 3	Step-by-step action instructions
⇔	Results of carrying out actions
-	Reference to sections of the manual and additionally applicable documentation
	Listing without a defined order

# 1.4 Technical terms

Tab. 3: Technical terms and their meanings

Term	Meaning
API Plan	Design of the sealing system in accordance with American Petrol Institute (API).
CIP	Cleaning in Place.
Liquid slugs	Sudden fluctuations of gaseous mixture to pure liquid, or vice versa.
Auxiliary operating system	Equipment for pump operation.
Inert gas	A gas which is chemically extremely sluggish in reaction and displaces oxygen.
Render inert	Addition of inert gas (e.g. nitrogen) in order to displace explosive gases.
Cavitation	Development and abrupt dispersion of vapour bubbles in the pumped medium with a local undercutting of the vapour pressure.
Contamination	Poisoning or contamination with harmful substances.
Cooling medium	Medium used for flushing pumps, sealing chamber and sliding surfaces.
Pump assembly	Pump with drive and base plate.
Pump system	Generic term for pump system and pump unit.
Pump system	Pump with drive, base plate and controller.
Quenching	Sealing system in which the pressure of the quench medium is lower than the pressure of the pumped medium. The seal is lubricated by the pumped medium.
	The quench medium absorbs pumped medium.
Quench medium	Medium used for quenching mechanical seals or shaft seals.
SIP	Sterilisation In Place.
Sealing	Sealing system in which the pressure of the barrier fluid is higher than the pressure of the pumped medium. The seal is lubricated by the barrier fluid.
	The pumped medium absorbs barrier fluid. The pumped medium has no contact with the atmosphere.
Barrier fluid	Medium used for sealing the mechanical seals.



Term	Meaning
Flushing medium	Medium used for flushing pumps, sealing chamber and sliding surfaces.

11



# 2 Safety



#### **DANGER**

Mortal danger in the event of non-compliance with the documentation!

- Observe all of the documentation relating to the pump and all system components.
- Reading and observing the documentation is a prerequisite for proper use of the product.

# 2.1 Proper use

- Use pump exclusively for pumping the agreed pumped medium (→ pump datasheet).
- Adhere to operating limits (→ pump data sheet).
- Avoid dry running:
  - Ensure that the pump is only put into operation with pumped medium and is not operated without pumped medium ( Chapter 6.1.7 'Filling and bleeding' on page 52).
- Avoid cavitation:
  - Open the inlet side valve fully during pump operation and do not use for regulating the pump capacity.
  - Open the outlet side valve fully during pump operation.
- Never operate the pump against a closed or partially closed valve in the outlet line.
- Avoid motor damage:
  - Observe permissible number of motor switch-on instances per hour (
     manufacturer's instructions).
- Only use the pump if it is in a technically optimal condition and ensure it is operated in accordance with the regulations and in a safety and risk-aware manner in accordance with this manual.
- Any other use must be agreed with the ITT Bornemann GmbH.
- Observe the operational limits of the pump in relation to temperature, pressure, viscosity, pump capacity and speed (→ pump data sheet).
- The pump is designed for a limited number of load cycles (N) between the pressureless state and the maximum permissible pressure according to the pump data sheet (N=1000, see AD 2000 leaflet S1, section 1.4 for this). During operation, any number of pressure fluctuations are permitted, as long as the load range of these does not exceed 10%of the maximum permissible pressure.
- When pumping liquids containing solids, comply with the limit values for the proportion of solids and grain size (→ pump data sheet).
- When pumping liquids containing gas, comply with the limit values for the gas content (→ pump data sheet).
- Incorporate suitable safety valves (pressure safety valves are not system safety valves).
- Do not use the pump without a pressure safety valve or similar safeguard against exceeding the differential pressure.
- Do not use the pressure safety valve for regulating the pump capacity or pressure.
- Do not operate the pump without a check valve.
- Connect the inlet and outlet lines correctly in accordance with the direction of flow (see connection labelling).
- Check the installation direction of the check valve.
- Implement and check the connection labelling and connection for the inlet and outlet lines.



# 2.2 Improper use

Any use other than uses detailed under → Chapter 2.1 'Proper use' on page 11 shall be considered improper and is impermissible, for example:

- The pumping of acids and other corrosive liquids without approval of ITT Bornemann GmbH,
- The pumping of pure gases,
- The operation of pipelines without approval of ITT Bornemann GmbH.
- Operation without the required safety redundancies,
- Throttling of the outlet side,
- Filling of the pump whilst hot,
- Filling during ongoing operation,
- Spraying with high-pressure jets or fire extinguishing equipment,
- Operation with the safety devices removed,
- Failure to undertake measurements and checks for early damage detection,
- Failure to observe the maintenance intervals,
- Impermissible exchange of wearing parts,
- Incorrectly executed maintenance or repair work,
- Reversal of the permissible pumping direction,
- Inappropriate use, also of auxiliary systems.

### 2.3 Risk assessment

Residual risks that cannot be avoided by design throughout the entire service life of the pump system may include:

- Risk of death,
- Danger of injury,
- Environmental hazards,
- Material damage to the pump,
- Material damage to further property,
- Restrictions to performance or functionality.

You can avoid existing residual risks through the practical implementation and observation of these specifications:

- The specific warning information pertaining to the pump,
- The general safety information contained within this manual,
- As well as the specific warning information contained within this manual.

The pump may pose risks to the life of personnel due to:

- Erroneous use,
- Unprofessional handling,
- Missing safety equipment,
- Defective or damaged parts,
- Operating medium vapours,
- Operating medium gases.

The pump may pose a risk of injury to personnel due to:

- Unprofessional handling,
- Transportation,



- Hot parts,
- Contact with bare hands.

The pump may pose a risk to the environment due to:

- Unprofessional handling,
- Operating substances (pumped media, lubricants, motor oil, etc.),
- Gas emissions,
- Noise emissions.
- Risk of fire.

Damage to the pump may arise due to:

- Unprofessional handling,
- Overloading,
- Overheating.
- Oil level in the synchronisation transmission being too high/low,
- Failure to adhere to operating and maintenance specifications,
- Unsuitable operating materials.

Restrictions to the performance or functionality of the pump may arise due to:

- An ambient temperature of less than -10 °C or more than +40 °C,
- The dimensioning of the upstream pipe network dependent on the operating mode.

# 2.4 Safety instructions

# 2.4.1 Product safety

The pump has been constructed in accordance with the state-of-the-art and recognised safety-relevant regulations. Nevertheless, usage of the system can lead to a risk to life and limb for the user or third-parties as well as adverse effects to the pump and other tangible assets.

Always observe the following information:

- Only have pump specialists operate the pump.
- Observe information contained in the operating manual regarding transportation, storage, installation, commissioning, operation, maintenance and filling the pump.
- Install, commission, operate, fill and maintain the pump professionally.
- Only use the pump if it is in a technically optimal condition and ensure it is operated in accordance with the regulations and in a safety and risk-aware manner in accordance with this manual.
- Keep this manual and all supplied documents in a complete and legible condition and store so that personnel have them available at all times.
- Information attached to the pump must be kept complete and legible at all times
- Refrain from any mode of operation that could lead to a risk to personnel or third-parties.
- Only operate the pump if its safety equipment is operational.
- Never operate the pump against a closed or partially closed valve in the outlet line. Never throttle the outlet side!
- In the event of safety-relevant faults, immediately shut the pump down and arrange to have the fault rectified by an authorised person.



- Maintain all statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations as well as relevant standards and guidelines applicable in the country of operation in addition to the overall documentation provided here.
- Unauthorised modifications, manipulation or changes to the pump (changes to the drive relationships, e.g. capacity and speed) are not permitted.
- Unauthorised changes to the control software, the installation of additional software on the control computer and changes to control parameters are impermissible.
- Only use original spare parts and accessories which have been approved by ITT Bornemann GmbH.
- Regular maintenance in accordance with the maintenance schedule.
- Do not change the connection and setting values! Contact ITT Bornemann GmbH if necessary.
- Personnel executing work on the system must not be under the influence of medication, alcohol or drugs.

# 2.4.2 Obligations of the operator



First aid equipment and fire extinguishers are not included in the scope of supply. These must be installed by the operator. Ensure that there is easy access to the system, all ventilation openings, fire extinguishers, the first aid equipment and other safety equipment at all times.

#### Safety awareness when working

- Only use the pump if it is in a technically optimal condition and ensure it is operated in accordance with the regulations and in a safety and risk-aware manner in accordance with this manual.
- Ensure compliance with and monitoring of the following:
  - Proper use,
  - Observation of statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations
  - Safety regulations for the handling of hazardous substances,
  - Applicable standards and guidelines in the corresponding country of operation,
  - Regular checking of pressure containers and the electrical systems in accordance with the local regulations and directives.
- Make personal protective equipment available, such as:
  - Protective helmet, goggles, safety shoes, hearing protection,
  - Offshore: Antistatic, flame-retardant protective clothing.
- Attach and ensure first aid equipment is ready for use.
- Install fire extinguishers and ensure they are ready for use.

#### Personnel qualifications

- Ensure that all personnel commissioned to undertake tasks involving the pump have read and understood these instructions and all of the supplied documentation prior to commencing work, especially the safety, maintenance and repair information.
- Regulate the responsibilities, jurisdiction and supervision of the personnel.
- Ensure that all work is carried out by qualified technical staff only:
  - Installation, initial commissioning, repairs, maintenance,
  - Work on the electrical and electronic systems.

15



#### Safety equipment

- The following safety equipment is to be provided and tested for functionality:
  - For hot, cold and moving machinery: guard (supplied by the customer) to prevent contact with the pump;
  - For possible electrostatic charging: incorporate corresponding earthing;
  - If no pressure safety valve is included in the system: incorporate suitable absolute pressure limiting into the system;
  - If no pressure safety valve or rupture disc is included in the system: incorporate suitable differential pressure safeguard in the pump.

# 2.4.3 Obligations of the personnel

#### Obligations of the personnel

- Observe local safety regulations.
- Read and observe the documentation, especially the respective "Safety" chapters. Follow all safety regulations, signs and labels.
- Observe the information on the pump and keep this in a legible condition,
   e.g. arrows indicating the direction of rotation, labels for liquid connections.
- Guards that protect against accidental contact for hot, cold and moving machinery must not be removed during operation.
- Always wear all of the prescribed designated personal protection gear such as safety shoes with oil-resistant soles and steel toe-caps, protective goggles, hearing protection, protective helmet and flame-retardant work clothes.
- Only carry out work on the pump at a standstill.
- Only carry out work on the pump after fully relieving the pressure.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work, switch off the motor and safeguard against being switched on again.
- Reinstall the safety equipment in accordance with the regulations on completion of all work on the pump.
- Treat all cuts or burns which could lead to infection. Contact a doctor in the event of injury.

## 2.4.4 Laws, guidelines and standards



We recommend observing the German and European regulations, e.g. the German occupational safety act (BetrSichV), accident prevention regulations (UVV), VDE-regulations, fire control plan, ATEX, pressure device regulations (DGRL), use of lifting equipment in accordance with EU guidelines.

Observe your national rules, laws, guidelines, regulations and standards. These must be observed during operation. Contact your local safety representative in the event of questions.

# 2.5 Special hazards



#### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to explosion!

- If the pump is installed within a building, always switch the ventilation on prior to access.
- Smoking is prohibited in the vicinity of the system.





#### DANGER

#### Risk of injury due to technical faults!

 The system must be operated when in a technically faultless and undamaged condition exclusively.

# 2.5.1 Potentially explosive area



#### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to explosion!

Observe the additional ATEX instructions!

# 2.5.2 Hazardous pumped media

Please note:

- When handling hazardous pumped medium (e.g. hot, flammable, explosive, toxic, harmful to health) observe the safety regulations applicable to the handling of hazardous substances (→ safety datasheets).
- Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.
- Ensure sufficient ventilation or extraction.

# 2.5.3 Concentration of natural radioactivity



#### **WARNING**

#### Damage to health due to naturally occurring radioactive waves!

- Natural gas or oil fields can contain substances that are naturally radioactive.
- If the natural radioactivity of the raw materials is enriched during pumping/extraction (e.g. as a result of precipitation or by accumulation), it is not possible to rule out damage to health through the absorption/ingestion of naturally radioactive solid particles.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment.
- Observe all of the protective measures relevant to radioactivity.

#### Measures:

- Use the appropriate measuring equipment in order to measure the natural radioactivity.
- Inform all persons who enter the affected area.
- Notify the responsible authority.
- Persons with skin injuries must not work in potentially contaminated areas.
- Wear a respiratory mask in the affected areas and do not enter other areas.
- Do not handle naturally radioactive substances for longer than necessary.
- Keep as far away as possible from these substances.
- Do not open contaminated plant components unless you are wearing protective clothing.
- Wash yourself thoroughly with soap and water every time you work in this area.
- Contaminated clothing and/or contaminated plant components must be properly decontaminated or disposed of.



- All components that come into contact with media must potentially be taken into consideration.
- Taking radioactive substances (e.g. filtrate) into other areas must be avoided under all circumstances.



#### 3 Structure and function

#### Labelling 3.1

#### 3.1.1 Type plate

The type plate attached to the pump applies.

The serial number is additionally stamped on the pump casing.

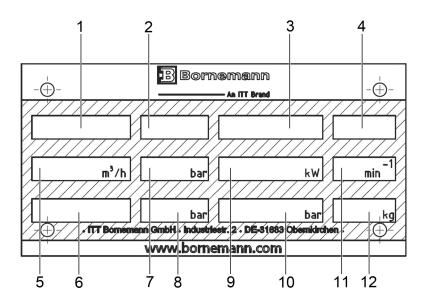


Fig. 1: Type plate on the pump

- Order number
- Serial number 2
- Type
- Year of manufacture
- Pump capacity Viscosity
- 6
- Differential pressure
- 8 Inlet pressure
- Output demand
- 10 Outlet pressure
- 11 Speed
- 12 Weight



# 3.1.2 Type designation

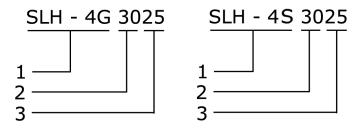


Fig. 2: Type designation (example)

No.	Description
1	Series
2	Size
3	Conveyor screw incline [mm]

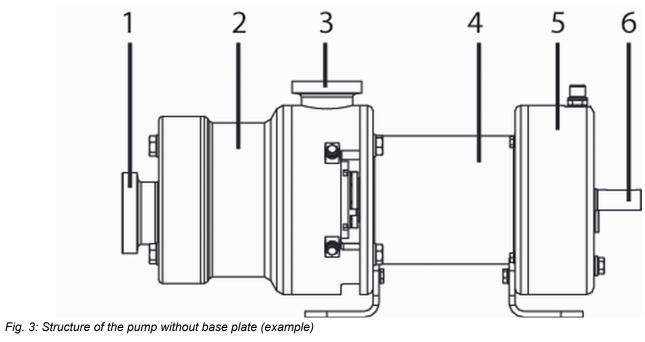
# 3.2 Structure



The structure of the pump is shown here as an example only. The dimensional drawing is the decisive source concerning the arrangement of the inlet and outlet nozzles and the dimensions of the pump ( $\rightarrow$  dimensional drawing).

19





No.	Description	No.	Description
1	Inlet nozzle	4	Bearing casing
2	Pump casing	5	Gearing casing
3	Outlet nozzle	6	Drive shaft



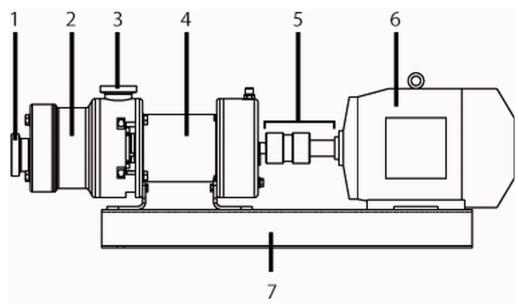


Fig. 4: Structure of the pump with base plate (example)

No.	Description	No.	Description
1	Inlet nozzle	5	Coupling
2	Pump casing	6	Motor
3	Outlet nozzle	7	Base plate
4	Bearing casing		

# 3.3 Shaft seals

Only one of the following shaft seals can be used.

# 3.3.1 Mechanical seal



Mechanical seals have function-related leakage.

- Single-action mechanical seal (→ pump datasheet, manufacturer's documentation).
- Dual-action mechanical seal (→ pump data sheet, manufacturer's documentation).

21

■ Single-action mechanical seal with shaft seal (→ pump data sheet, manufacturer's documentation).



- Single-action mechanical seal with shaft seal and pressureless storage reservoir ( pump data sheet, manufacturer's documentation).
- Dual-action mechanical seal and sealing system (→ pump data sheet, manufacturer's documentation).
- Dual-action mechanical seal with quench or sealing system (→ pump data sheet, manufacturer's documentation).

# 3.4 Auxiliary operating systems



For configuration and function of the auxiliary operating systems → manufacturer's instructions, pump data sheet, system documentation.

#### 3.5 CIP/SIP cleaning (Cleaning/Sterilisation in Place)



SLH, SLH-S, SLH-4G, SLH-4S, SLHP-4G and SLH-4U series pumps:

- Can be cleaned without dismantling.
- Can be used in the sterile area.

Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



# 4 Transport and storage

# 4.1 Transportation



Weight information → dimensioned drawings.

Prior to transport: Empty the pump of environmentally harmful substances and clean (→ safety datasheet for operating materials).

Transport with base plate → dimensioned drawing, general arrangement drawing, pump system operating instructions.

# 4.1.1 Unpacking and checking the condition of contents

- 1. Unpack the pump/assembly on receipt and check for externally visible signs of transport damage.
- **2.** Immediately report transport damage to the haulage company and ITT Bornemann GmbH.
- **3.** Dispose of packaging materials in accordance with locally applicable regulations.

# 4.1.2 Lifting



#### **DANGER**

Death or crushing of limbs due to equipment falling while being transported!

- Never stand under suspended loads.
- Maintain safety distance.



# **NOTICE**

# Property damage due to improper transportation!

- To lift the pump, attach the sling to the bearing or gearbox housing so that it cannot slip.
- Do not use the holes for lifting eyes for lifting the pump or pump assembly.
- Do not use the lifting eyes of the components (motor) to lift the entire pump assembly.
- Ensure that the pump assembly is not overly tensioned when it is lifted.
- Ensure that the lifting tackle does not damage pipelines, assemblies or fan cowl of the motor when lifting, use a lifting frame if necessary ( dimensional drawings, operating instructions for pump system).
- Make personal protective equipment available.
- Observe statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations.

23



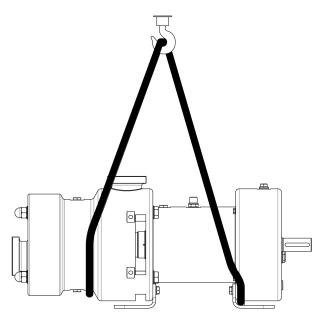


Fig. 5: Fastening the lifting tackle to the pump

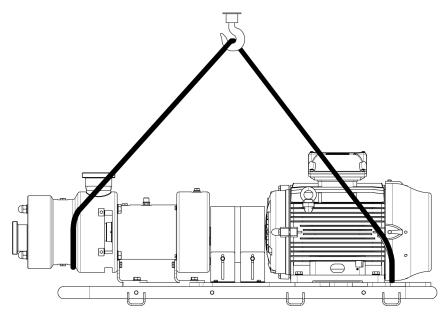


Fig. 6: Fastening the lifting tackle to the pump assembly



The lifting eyes of the components (motor) are not designed to lift the entire assembly.

- 1. ▶ Select the lifting equipment in accordance with the total weight to be transported (→ dimensional drawings).
- **2.** Ensure that the lifting tackle is not overly tensioned.
- **3.** Attach the sling so that the pump/assembly cannot tip over axially.
- **4.** Lift the pump/assembly in a proper manner.

Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



## 4.2 Preservation



All visible shaft sections, blank parts and non-corrosion-resistant metal components are preserved for shipping, unless otherwise ordered.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Property damage due to improper preservation!

- Only use preservative compatible with pumping media.
- Preserve the pump properly, both internally and externally.
- Do not release the sealing flange and mechanical seals.
- Do not preserve non-metal parts.

# 4.2.1 For storage periods less than 3 months

- 1. If present: Remove plastic cover on inlet and outlet sides.
- **2.** Lubricate all visible, internal and external uncoated metal parts with an acid-free and resin-free grease.
- 3. Seal off the inlet and outlet sides with plastic covers.

# 4.2.2 For storage periods longer than 3 months (maximum 3 years)



#### NOTICE

### Material damage due to incorrect storage!

- Ensure proper preservation in order to avoid corrosion damage.
- 1. If present: Remove plastic cover on inlet and outlet sides.
- **2.** Lubricate all visible, internal and external uncoated metal parts with an acid-free and resin-free grease.
- **3.** Lubricate all flange connections with an acid-free and resin-free grease.
- **4.** Fill the internal cavities of the pump casing with preservative (*→* Chapter 7.9 'Preservative agents' on page 70).
- 5. Seal off the inlet and outlet sides with plastic covers (sealing plugs).
- 6. Protect mechanical seals against dust and damage.
- 7. ▶ Drain lubricating oil from the transmission casing and bearing hood, then fill with preserving oil (→ Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).
- **8.** Remove the ventilation filter from the transmission casing and bearing hood and tightly seal the openings with a sealing plug.

9.



#### NOTICE

Material damage due to overly high pressure when topping up grease

When topping up grease avoid overly high pressure.

25

Top up the hollow spaces of the roller bearings carefully with grease via the grease nipples, subsequently clean the respective top-up point to remove any grease leaks.



10. In the case of drive-side oil lubrication of the bearings, fill the hollow spaces of the bearings with oil.



Following storage periods exceeding 3 years: ITT Bornemann GmbH should be contacted in order to put the pump back into operation.

# 4.3 Storage



For storage periods longer than 3 months: observe measures for long-term preservation (→ Chapter 4.2.2 'For storage periods longer than 3 months (maximum 3 years)' on page 25).



#### **NOTICE**

#### Property damage due to improper storage!

- Preserve and store the pump correctly.
- 1. Seal off all openings with blank flanges, sealing plugs or plastic covers.
- **2.** Finsure that the storage site fulfils the following requirements:
  - Ambient temperature 5 to 25°C,
    - Relative humidity 0-20%,
    - dry,
    - frost-free,
    - vibration-free.
- 3. Rotate the shaft once per month (approx. 30°).
- 4. Check the preservation status once per month. Renew the preservation agent if necessary.

# 4.4 Removing the preservative



Only necessary for preserved pumps.



#### **WARNING**

#### Damage to health resulting from cleaning agents!

- Use personal protective equipment for all work involving the use of cleaning agents.
- Do not inhale cleaning agent vapour.



## NOTICE

Property damage resulting from excessive water pressure or sprayed water!

Do not clean the pump with a water jet or steam cleaner.

6 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S





#### **NOTICE**

# Risk of damage to the seals resulting from incorrect cleaning agents!

- Ensure that the cleaning agent used will not damage the seals.
- 1. Remove plastic cover (sealing plug) on inlet and outlet sides.
- 2. Select the cleaning agent in accordance with the area of application (→ Chapter 7.10 'Cleaning agent' on page 70).
- **3.** Remove the preservation agent with cleaning fluid and a cloth or operate the pump with a cleaning agent.
- **4.** Dispose of the cleaning agent in accordance with locally applicable regulations.
- **5.** Check all external elastomers (O-rings, shaft seals) for form elasticity and replace if necessary.
- **6.** ► Following storage periods exceeding 3 months: Drain preservative oil from the transmission casing and bearing hood, then fill with lubricating oil ( Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).
- **7.** Following storage periods exceeding 3 months: Remove the sealing plugs from the transmission casing and bearing hood and insert ventilation filter.
- 8.

Due to the high degree of air humidity and temperature variations condensate collects, which is not visible beneath the oil.

In the case of drive-side oil lubrication of the bearings, fully drain oil from the hollow spaces of the bearings and replace with new oil.



# 5 Installation and connection

After storage times exceeding 3 months, observe measures for removing the preservative ( Chapter 4.4 'Removing the preservative' on page 26).



#### Installation options:

- With steel foundation frames (
   dimensioned drawing, pump system operating instructions)
- With a concrete foundation (please consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH)



#### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to explosion!

Observe the additional ATEX instructions!



#### WARNING

#### Risk of injury due to unprofessional work!

- Only allow work to be carried out by technical specialists who have the required knowledge and practical experience to do so:
  - Installation, initial commissioning, repairs, maintenance,
  - Work on the electrical and electronic systems.
- Make personal safety equipment available.
- Observe statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations.



#### **NOTICE**

# Property damage due to contamination!

 Only remove the covers and transport locks immediately prior to connecting the pipes with the pump.

# 5.1 Preparing the pump assembly

# 5.1.1 Preparing the pump

- 1. ▶ If the pump is to be put into operation immediately after installation and connection: Remove preservative prior to installation (→ Chapter 4.4 'Removing the preservative' on page 26).
- 2. Carry out requisite measures after extended storage/standstill time (→ Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).

# 5.1.2 Fitting the heat insulation (optional)



For correspondingly ordered pumps only. Only needed to maintain the temperature of the conveyed medium.





#### **NOTICE**

#### Material damage due to incorrect insulation!

Install thermal insulation such that any leakage can be reliably detected.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Property damage due to overheating!

- Fit thermal insulation only to the pump housing.
- Install the heat insulation properly (only in area A), do not insulate gear casing and bearing casing.

# 5.1.3 Fitting the coupling



Only required when the pump assembly is completed at the site of installation.

If the pump is supplied without base plate, design the base plate so that torsion and non-permitted vibrations can be safely prevented during operation. Provide height compensation for the drive

The pump-side coupling half is pre-fitted with a transition fit as standard.



#### NOTICE

#### Property damage due to installation errors!

- Do not tilt half-couplings when sliding on.
- Make sure that pump and motor components are not subjected to shocks or impacts.
- Do not shrink on half-couplings by heating.



In the case of couplings with an interference fit please consult the manufacturer.

- 1. For detailed information and in the case of special couplings observe the manufacturer's data.
- 2. Ensure that both coupling halves have the same diameter.
- 3. Coat motor shaft ends with molybdenum disulphide (e.g. Molykote).
- 4. Insert adjusting spring.
- **5.** Slide on motor-side coupling half, until the shaft end and coupling hub are flush.
- **6.** ▶ If present, tighten the grub screws on both coupling halves. When doing so observe the tightening torque (→ manufacturer's data).

29



# 5.1.4 Installing the motor on the base plate



Only required when the pump assembly is completed at the site of installation.

If the pump is supplied without base plate, design the base plate so that torsion and non-permitted vibrations can be safely prevented during operation. Provide height compensation for the drive.

The pump-side coupling half is pre-fitted with a transition fit as standard.



#### NOTICE

## Property damage due to installation errors!

- Do not tilt half-couplings when sliding on.
- Make sure that pump and motor components are not subjected to shocks or impacts.
- Do not shrink on half-couplings by heating.

#### Material:

Spacer

- 1. ▶ Lift motor (→ manufacturer's instructions).
- 2. Place motor on base plate.
- **3.** Bring together coupling halves. Maintain the specified gap dimension between the coupling halves (→ dimensional drawing).
- **4.** Adapt the motor shaft end to the height of the pump shaft end, using suitable shims on the motor.
- 5. ▶ Screw in the motor screws, do not yet tighten ( Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).

# 5.2 Preparing for installation

# 5.2.1 Checking the ambient conditions

- **1.** ▶ Ensure that the required ambient conditions exist (→ pump data sheet).
- **2.** Ensure that no potentially explosive atmosphere exists (→ ATEX additional instructions).

0 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



# 5.2.2 Preparing the installation site

▶ Ensure that the installation site fulfils the following requirements:

- Ensure the pump is freely accessible from all sides (→ dimensioned drawing),
- Sufficient space for installation/removal of pipe lines and maintenance and servicing work, in particular for installation/removal of the pump and motor,
- No effects due to wind loads,
- No effects due to external vibrations (e.g. vibrations of other machine systems, earthquakes) on the pump system (bearing damage),
- Frost protection,
- Sufficient lighting.

# 5.2.3 Preparing the foundation and base



For installation on a concrete foundation, please consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.

- ▶ Ensure that the foundation and base fulfils the following requirements:
  - Level: Permissible deviation → dimensional drawings, pump operating instructions.
  - Clean (no oil, dust or other contaminants),
  - Service weight of the pump assembly and all operational forces can be absorbed,
  - the stability of the pump assembly is ensured.

# 5.3 Positioning the pump unit on the foundation



For installation on a concrete foundation, please consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.



The pump may only be mounted on a base plate (steel frame).



#### NOTICE

#### Property damage due to base plate tension!

 A tensioned base plate may prevent coupling alignment and result in pump damage.

31

- Base plate on level foundation only and fasten as follows.
- It is essential to observe the alignment tolerances.



# 5.3.1 Placing the pump unit on the foundation

#### Tool:

Spirit level

#### Material:

Foundation bolts

Steel fixtures

Casting mortar, non-shrinking

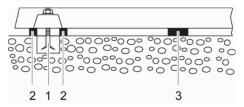


Fig. 7: Installation on a foundation (schematic diagram)

- <u>1.</u> Lift pump assembly (→ pump system operating instructions and → Chapter 4.1 'Transportation' on page 23).
- **2.** Hook in the foundation bolts (1) into the base plate fastening holes from below.



When using adhesive anchors: Observe the manufacturer's instructions.

- **3.** Place the pump unit on the foundation. When doing so, sink the foundation bolts (1) into the prepared anchor holes.
- **4.** Using steel fixtures, align the pump unit in accordance with the height and system dimensions as follows:
  - Place a steel fixture (2) to the left and right of each foundation bolt (1) respectively.
  - If the distance from the anchor holes is greater than 750 mm, locate additional steel fixtures (3) centrally on either side of the base plate.
- **5.** Ensure that the base plate and steel fixtures lie flush.
- **6.** Using a digital spirit level (laser alignment device), check in longitudinal and transverse directions:
  - Permissible height deviation ( Chapter 5.3.2 'Aligning the base plate' on page 32, dimensional drawings, pump system operating instructions).
- 7. Repeat the process until the base plate is correctly aligned.

# 5.3.2 Aligning the base plate



#### NOTICE

## Property damage due to base plate tension!

- A tensioned base plate may prevent coupling alignment and result in pump damage.
- Base plate on level foundation only and fasten as follows.
- It is essential to observe the alignment tolerances.



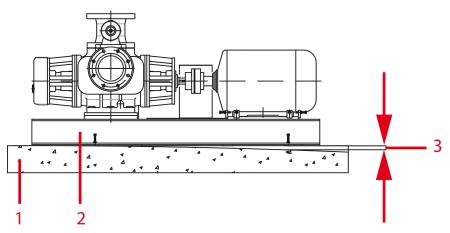


Fig. 8: Aligning the base plate (tolerances)

No.	Designation
1	Foundation
2	Base plate
3	Tolerance

Do not exceed the following tolerances for the (steel) installation points of the base plate on the foundation:

- Base plate shorter than or equal to 3 m:
  - Tolerance 1 mm, evenness of support points in relation to each other,
- Base plate longer than 3 m:
  - Tolerance 2 mm, evenness of support points in relation to each other.

# 5.3.3 Secure the pump assembly

- 1. Cast the anchor holes using a casting mortar.
  - Filling with casting mortar improves the cushioning characteristics.
- **2.** Once the casting mortar has bonded, screw the base plate tight at three points to the appropriate tightening torque.
- **3.** Prior to tightening the remaining screws, compensate for any unevenness in the fixing surface using spacers adjacent to each screw.
- **4.** If required, cast the inside of the base plate. Tap to check that no cavities have been created.

# 5.4 Mounting the pump unit without foundation

Tool:

Spanner

Spirit level



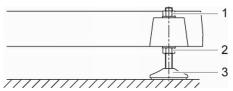


Fig. 9: Mounting without foundation (schematic diagram)

- 1. ▶ Lift the pump unit (→ Chapter 4.1.2 'Lifting' on page 23).
- 2. Install four levelling feet (3) as shown.
- 3. Place the pump unit on the base.
- **4.** ▶ Adjust the height of the base plate using levelling feet (3) as shown:
  - Hold hexagon on levelling foot (3) with spanner.
  - Loosen hexagon nut (1).
  - Adjust the height by turning the hexagon nut (2).
  - Tighten hexagon nut (1).
  - Check the permissible height deviation < 0.33 % (1 cm/300 cm) using machine spirit level in longitudinal and transverse direction.
  - Repeat the process until the base plate is correctly aligned.

# 5.5 Aligning the pump assembly



In order to determine the correct alignment tolerances it is necessary to ascertain the tolerances of the pump, coupling and motor.

For the purpose of alignment, the lowest value applies.



#### NOTICE

# Material damage due to incorrect coupling alignment!

- With height, lateral or angular offset: Align the motor precisely to the pump.
- For detailed information and for special couplings → manufacturer's data.

# 5.5.1 Determining alignment tolerances

1. Determine alignment tolerances for pump.



Permissible deviations and dimensions → Chapter 5.5.2 'Pump alignment tolerances' on page 35.

2. Determine alignment tolerances for coupling.

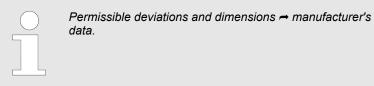


Permissible deviations and dimensions → manufacturer's

34



**3.** Determine alignment tolerances for the motor.



**4.** Determine the lowest value from the ascertained alignment tolerances (pump, coupling, motor) and apply this in order to align the coupling.

# 5.5.2 Pump alignment tolerances

**Axial offset** 

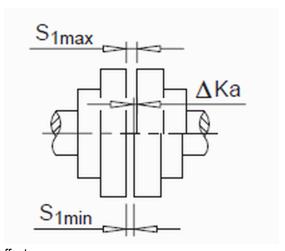


Fig. 10: Axial offset

Size	ΔΚα
SLH-4G, SLH-4S	
10xx	+1,0 mm
20xx	+1,0 mm
30xx	+1,0 mm
40xx	+1,0 mm
50xx	+1,0 mm
60xx	+1,5 mm

35



# Angle offset

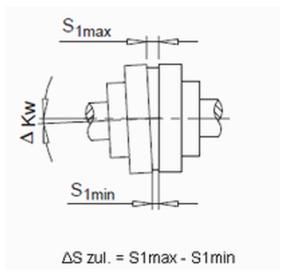


Fig. 11: Angle offset

Size	$\Delta S_{perm}$							
SLH-4G, SLH-4S	750 rpm	1000 rpm	1200 rpm	1450 rpm	1750 rpm	2000 rpm	2400 rpm	2800 rpm
10xx	0,25 mm	0,22 mm	0,20 mm	0,18 mm	0,16 mm	0,15 mm	0,14 mm	0,13 mm
20xx	0,28 mm	0,24 mm	0,22 mm	0,20 mm	0,18 mm	0,17 mm	0,16 mm	0,14 mm
30xx	0,32 mm	0,27 mm	0,25 mm	0,23 mm	0,21 mm	0,19 mm	0,18 mm	0,16 mm
40xx	0,36 mm	0,31 mm	0,28 mm	0,26 mm	0,24 mm	0,22 mm	0,20 mm	0,19 mm
50xx	0,40 mm	0,35 mm	0,32 mm	0,29 mm	0,26 mm	0,25 mm	0,23 mm	0,21 mm
60xx	0,45 mm	0,39 mm	0,35 mm	0,32 mm	0,29 mm	0,27 mm	0,25 mm	0,23 mm

# Radial offset

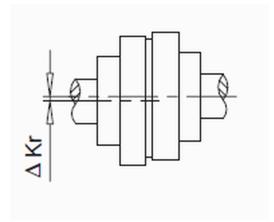


Fig. 12: Radial offset

Size	$\Delta S_{perm}$							
SLH-4G, SLH-4S	750 rpm	1000 rpm	1200 rpm	1450 rpm	1750 rpm	2000 rpm	2400 rpm	2800 rpm
10xx	0,25 mm	0,22 mm	0,20 mm	0,18 mm	0,16 mm	0,15 mm	0,14 mm	0,13 mm
20xx	0,28 mm	0,24 mm	0,22 mm	0,20 mm	0,18 mm	0,17 mm	0,16 mm	0,14 mm
30xx	0,32 mm	0,27 mm	0,25 mm	0,23 mm	0,21 mm	0,19 mm	0,18 mm	0,16 mm

Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



Size	$\Delta S_{perm}$							
SLH-4G, SLH-4S	750 rpm	1000 rpm	1200 rpm	1450 rpm	1750 rpm	2000 rpm	2400 rpm	2800 rpm
40xx	0,36 mm	0,31 mm	0,28 mm	0,26 mm	0,24 mm	0,22 mm	0,20 mm	0,19 mm
50xx	0,40 mm	0,35 mm	0,32 mm	0,29 mm	0,26 mm	0,25 mm	0,23 mm	0,21 mm
60xx	0,45 mm	0,39 mm	0,35 mm	0,32 mm	0,29 mm	0,27 mm	0,25 mm	0,23 mm

### 5.5.3 Taking into account peak height changes

With cold alignment take into account peak height changes under the influence of the operating temperature according to the following figures. As soon as the pump system has reached the operating temperature following start-up, it is necessary to check the alignment (hot alignment) once again.



To determine the material model of the pump →Pump data

### **Explanation of the abbreviations**

Abbreviation	Meaning
Tm	Temperature median value Tm = (T2-T1)/2
T1	Ambient temperature
T2	Medium temperature
ΔΗ	Peak height change

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S

**37** 



### Peak height change

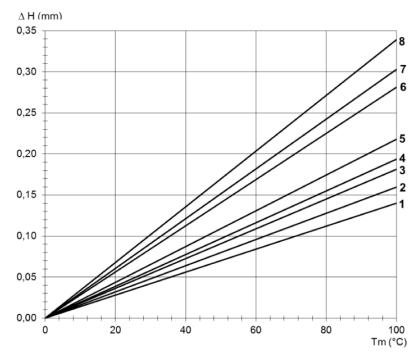


Fig. 13: Peak height change

No.	Size
1	SLH 80, SLH-4G 10xx, SLH-4S 10xx, SLH-4U 10xx
2	SLH-4G 20xx, SLH-4S 20xx, SLH-4U 20xx
3	SLH 125
4	SLH-4G 30xx, SLH-4S 30xx, SLH-4U 30xx
5	SLH-4G 40xx, SLH-4S 40xx
6	SLH 180
7	SLH-4G 50xx, SLH-4S 50xx
8	SLH-4G 60xx, SLH-4S 60xx

### 5.5.4 Checking the coupling alignment

### Tool:

Laser alignment device

Feeler gauge

Straight edge

Dial gauge.

### Material:

Manufacturer's instructions



### **DANGER**

### Mortal danger due to moving machinery!

 Before all installation and maintenance work: Switch off the motor and secure to prevent it being switched on again.



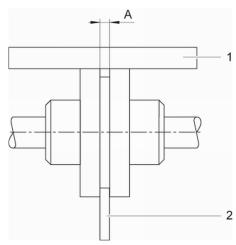


Fig. 14: Checking the coupling alignment

- 1. Measure the circumference of the coupling on two levels, each offset 90°.
- 2. Check the gap to the outer diameter with a straight-edge (1):
  - Place straight-edge over both coupling halves.
  - In case of a gap to the outer diameter, align the motor (→ Chapter 5.5.5 'Aligning the motor' on page 40).
- 3. Check clearance with a feeler gauge (2):
  - Permissible clearance → dimensional drawings, manufacturer's data.
  - Measure clearance (A) between coupling halves with feeler gauge.
  - In the event of an impermissible gap dimension: Align the motor (→ Chapter 5.5.5 'Aligning the motor' on page 40).

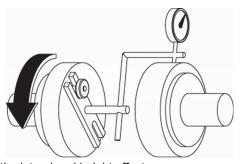


Fig. 15: Checking the lateral and height offset

- **4.** Check the lateral and height offset using a dial gauge:
  - Carry out measurement as shown.
  - In the event of a lateral or height offset: Align the motor (→ Chapter 5.5.5 'Aligning the motor' on page 40).

Permissible axial or radial deviation, measured on the front face of the coupling or at the coupling circumference: → Manufacturer's data.



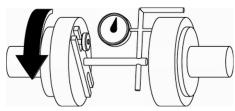


Fig. 16: Checking the angular offset

- **5.** Check the angular offset with a dial gauge:
  - Carry out measurement as shown.
  - In the event of an angular offset: Align the motor (→ Chapter 5.5.5 'Aligning the motor' on page 40).
- **6.** Check the coupling alignment again and correct the motor alignment if necessary.

### 5.5.5 Aligning the motor



Necessary with an overly large or small clearance, or lateral, height or angular offset.

- **1.** Align the motor such that the coupling halves are precisely flush, if necessary position on shim plates.
- 2. Check alignment.
- **3.** If the height offset is still evident: repeat the alignment process.
- 4. Then tighten the motor screws.

### 5.5.6 Fitting the coupling guard

- 1. If the coupling guard is not supplied fully fitted:
  - Fit the coupling guard.
  - Adjust the coupling guard to the distance between the pump and motor.
    - In order to do so slide the slide piece into the outer part of the coupling guard.
  - Bolt the outer part and slide piece.
- 2. If a protective hood is used:
  - Ensure space between protective hood and pump/motor for ventilating the assembly.

### 5.6 Planning the pipelines



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40 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S

04.04.2024 Rev. 4



### 5.6.1 Configuring supports and flange connections

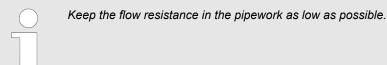


### NOTICE

Property damage due to excessively high forces and torques of the piping on the pump!

- Do not exceed permissible values (→ dimensional drawings).
- If available: Observe manufacturer's instructions for the auxiliary operating systems.
- 1. Calculate pipework forces and observe all operating statuses:
  - cold/warm
  - empty/full
  - depressurised/pressurised
  - position changes of the flange
- **2.** Ensure that no additional static loads (e.g. wind load, snow load) have an effect on the pump.
- **3.** Ensure that pipe supports are constantly able to slide and do not rust and seize.
- **4.** Incorporate inlet and outlet-side venting.

### 5.6.2 Determining nominal widths



- Observe dimensions of the inlet, outlet, auxiliary pipes (→ dimensional drawing).
- 2. ▶ Inlet line nominal width ≥ Specify the inlet line nominal width.
- **3.** Outlet line nominal width  $\geq$  Specify the outlet line nominal width.

### 5.6.3 Determining pipeline lengths

Inlet side: shorter lengths are possible, however, doing so may

Maintain recommended minimum values for installation of the pump.



restrict the hydraulic performance data.

Outlet side: shorter lengths are possible, however, doing so may lead to increased noise.

41

### 5.6.4 Optimising changes in diameter and direction

1. Avoid sudden changes in diameter and direction in the pipe course.

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S





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- **2.** If multiple pumps are operated in parallel and gas-charged media is being pumped:
  - Ensure that the pressure conditions are the same for each pump by running the pipes symmetrically.
  - Use identical diameters and line lengths from the common supply line to the pumps.
- 3. Ensure that no cavitation can occur.
- **4.** ▶ Account for thermal expansion.

In the event of advice being required regarding the optimisation of the pipe work system please contact ITT Bornemann GmbH.

### 5.6.5 Avoiding overpressure



#### **WARNING**

#### Danger of injury due to overpressure!

- If there is no overpressure safety valve in the pump: Provide suitable safety device (e.g. burst disc) in the outlet line.
- 1. Observe the manufacturer's specifications.
- **2.** Ensure that the factory setting of the safety device complies with the system requirements.
- **3.** Always guide the safety device return into the safe area (pressureless area).
- **4.** Constantly monitor the pressure build-up, in order to exclude impermissible pressure build-up.
- **5.** Discharge flammable and potentially explosive pumped media safely.
- **6.** Ensure that the pressure level in the safe area guarantees pressure relief via the safety device.

### 5.6.6 Provide safety and control equipment

**Avoiding contamination** 



A filter in the inlet line is also recommended during ongoing operation.



If necessary, due to the conveyed medium, the size of the filter mesh can be increased or omit the filter altogether. Hard solids must then be prevented by appropriate measures.

42



1. Incorporate filter into the inlet line, in accordance with the following table:

Tab. 4: Filter for inlet line - mesh size per operating phase

Operating phase	Pump size	Mesh size [mm]
Start-up phase with initial commissioning, after maintenance work, etc.	All	1
Ongoing operation	10xx	2 – 5
	20xx	2 – 5
	30xx	2 – 5
	40xx	4 – 6
	50xx	4 – 6
	60xx	4 – 6



#### NOTICE

#### Pump damage due to unsuitable filter!

- The use of an unsuitable filter can affect the pumping capacity of the pump and may lead to cavitation and damage to the pump.
- The filter with 1 mm mesh size is only used during commissioning and the start-up phase. This filter is unsuitable for use during operation because the mesh size is too small.
- After starting up, clean the filter and replace the filter insert. When doing so, observe the mesh size data ( Procedure instructions on page 43).
- Regularly check the filter insert and filter housing for contamination and clean:
  - For prevention at least once every six months.
  - In the event of high solid content levels as necessary at shorter intervals.
- **2.** In order to monitor the contamination include differential pressure monitoring:
  - Observe permissible differential pressure of the filter (→ Manufacturer's instructions).

### Avoiding running in reverse



### **NOTICE**

#### Property damage resulting from pump reversal.

- Do not operate the pump without non-return protection.
- 1. With a safety-related component (non-return protection), make sure that the medium cannot flow back after switching off the pump.
- **2.** Select a distance less than 2 m between the outlet nozzle and the non-return protection.

#### **Avoiding emptying**



Lay inlet and outlet lines as well as auxiliary pipes such that the pump, sealing system and lines do not empty when at a standstill.



#### **Enabling the draining of residues**



#### WARNING

### Risk of poisoning due to cleaning agents in the pumped medium!

Facilitate drainage of residue from pump and system.

### **Enabling cleaning**

- **1.** Lay inlet and outlet lines as well as auxiliary pipes such that there is sufficient space to install/remove the pump.
- 2. For pumps with axial supports:
  - Provide straight adjusting piece
  - Long adjusting piece > long pump casing (pump casing can be dismantled without any problem)
  - Arrange for pipe adjusting piece with drain hole

# Enabling separation and blocking of the pipes



Include pipe connections for flushing, bleeding and emptying all relevant pipe areas (customer installation) as necessary for maintenance and servicing work.

- **1.** Select shut-off elements, which can be secured against unintentional opening.
- 2. Include shut-off elements in the inlet and outlet lines.
- 3. Include blanking discs in the inlet and outlet lines.

# Enabling measurement of the operating modes

- 1. Provide pressure monitoring in the inlet and outlet lines:
  - As near as possible to the pump. In doing so, maintain the limit values (→ pump data sheet)
- 2. Include temperature measurement on the pump side.
- 3. Include dry operation protection.

#### CIP/SIP cleaning



### **NOTICE**

### Damage of the mechanical seal!

- Prevent uncontrolled turning of the pump for pumps without sealing system and cleaning temperatures over 80 °C.
- 1. Provide CIP cleaning of the pump and lines.
- **2.** For pumps without sealing system and cleaning temperatures over 80 °C: Prevent turning of the pump during SIP sterilisation.
- 3. Provide fittings for draining the pipelines.

### 5.6.7 Using hose lines



Observe the manufacturer's specifications.



- When using hoses, make sure that the following requirements are met:
  - Hose is suitable for the conveyed medium and pressure,
  - hose in the inlet line is suitable for suction operation.
  - heed minimum bending radius, no kinks,
  - no tensile stress,
  - hose does not twist,
  - do not guide hose over sharp edges or rough surfaces,
  - use supports for long free hose ends.

### 5.7 Connecting pipelines



Connections for inlet, outlet, drainage pipe and auxiliary pipes → dimensional drawing.



#### NOTICE

Damage to pumps, hoses and fittings with pressure testing or rinsing!

- When carrying out pressure tests or rinsing: Do not expose pumps, hoses or fittings to impermissible pressure.
- Separate pumps, hoses or fittings from the system in advance if necessary.

### 5.7.1 Avoiding contamination of the pipes



### **NOTICE**

Property damage resulting from pump contamination!

- Ensure that no contaminants enter the pump.
- 1. Prior to assembly, clean all pipe sections and valves.
- **2.** Ensure that flange seals do not protrude inwards.
- **3.** Remove blank flanges, plugs, protective film and/or protective paint on the flanges.

### 5.7.2 Installing auxiliary pipes



Observe the manufacturer's instructions of any auxiliary operating systems (→ manufacturer's documentation).

- 1. Install auxiliary pipes such that these are tension-free and leak-tight.
- 2. Avoid air pocket formation: always lay lines such that these rise or fall towards the pump.

### 5.7.3 Installing the inlet line

1. Remove the transport locks from the pump.

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S

45



- 2. Install inlet line.
- 3. Ensure that the flange seals do not protrude.
- 4. Attach connection for filling the pump. When doing so, ensure that the connection sizes account for the viscosity of the pumped medium.
- **5.** Check inlet line for correct direction of flow.

### 5.7.4 Installing the outlet line

- **1.** Remove the transport locks from the pump.
- 2. Install outlet line.
- **3.** Ensure that the flange seals do not protrude inwards.
- **4.** If no pressure safety valve is included in the system: incorporate suitable absolute pressure limiting into the system.
- 5. Check outlet line for correct direction of flow.
- **6.** Equip outlet line with non-return protection (note installation direction).

### 5.7.5 Fitting the heating line (optional)

- 1. Remove the transport locks from the pump.
- 2. Install the fittings.
- 3. Fit the heating line.
- **4.** Ensure that the flange seals do not protrude inwards.

### 5.7.6 Checking that the pipe connection is tension free

**Prerequisite** 

Pipe installed and cooled.

**Procedure** 

- 1. Disconnect the pipe connection flanges from the pump.
- **2.** Check that the pipe can be moved freely in all directions in the vicinity of anticipated expansion:
  - Nominal diameters < 150 mm: by hand</p>
  - Nominal diameters > 150 mm: with a small lever
- 3. Ensure that the flanges lie plane parallel.
- **4.** Fasten the pipe connection flanges to the pump again.
- **5.** Ensure that the flange seals do not protrude.

### 5.8 Electrical connection

### 5.8.1 Earth the pump



### **DANGER**

### Mortal danger due to electric shock!

- Only allow work to be carried out on the electrical systems by a qualified electrician.
- Prior to switching on the electrical system: Earth pump system



#### Earth the pump

Earth the pump system to the designated earthing terminals prior to start-up, in order to prevent static charging.

The earthing connections are marked with the earthing symbol (Fig. 17).



Fig. 17: Earthing symbol

### 5.8.2 Connect the motor



#### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to electric shock!

- Only allow work to be carried out on the electrical systems by a qualified electrician.
- Prior to work on the electrics, de-energise the system and safeguard it against being switched on again.
- 1. Connect the motor in accordance with the circuit diagram.
- 2. Arrange for a suitable cable bushing.
- 3. Ensure that no risks arise due to electrical energy.
- 4. Install an EMERGENCY STOP switch.

### 5.8.3 Checking the direction of rotation



Check the direction of rotation with a field direction tester, if available.



### **DANGER**

### Mortal danger due to moving machinery!

- Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.
- Secure the adjusting spring so that it cannot be ejected while testing the direction of rotation.
- Maintain sufficient distance to rotating parts.



#### NOTICE

# Property damage due to dry ruining and incorrect direction of rotation!

- Disconnect the motor from the pump.
- 1. Switch the motor on and immediately switch it off again.
- **2.** Check that the motor's direction of rotation matches the direction of the arrow on the pump.
- **3.** In the event of deviating direction of rotation:
  - Swap the two phases ( Chapter 5.8.2 'Connect the motor' on page 47).
- 4. Re-couple the motor.

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S

47



### 5.8.4 Connecting the instrumentation



Connection of instrumentation → pump system operating instructions.



### 6 Operation



#### **DANGER**

### Mortal danger due to explosion!

Observe the additional ATEX instructions!



For pumps as part of a pump system → Pump system operating instructions.



#### NOTICE

Irreparable damage to the pump system due to throttling on the outlet side!

- Severe loading of the pump due to liquid sludge with throttling on the outlet side.
- Never operate the pump against a closed or partially closed valve in the outlet line.
- Never throttle the outlet side.

### 6.1 Performing initial commissioning



#### **WARNING**

### Risk of injury due to unprofessional work!

- Only allow work to be carried out by technical specialists who have the required knowledge and practical experience to do so:
  - Installation, initial commissioning, repairs, maintenance
  - Work on the electrical and electronic systems.
- Make personal safety equipment available.
- Observe statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations.

### 6.1.1 Determining the pump type

Determining the pump type (→ pump data sheet).



The pump type refers to e.g. the type of bearing lubrication, lip seal type, auxiliary operating systems.

### 6.1.2 Commissioning after shut-down



### NOTICE

Damage to the pump due to unprofessional commissioning!

 After long-term storage, the pump should be commissioned by ITT Bornemann GmbH.

49



### 6.1.3 Removing the preservative

Only necessary for preserved pumps.

Remove preservative (→ Chapter 4.4 'Removing the preservative' on page 26).

### 6.1.4 Lubricating bearings/gears



Pumps with drive-side greased roller bearings are ready for use when delivered.

Fill with lubricating oil (→ Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).

### 6.1.5 Preparing auxiliary operating systems (if present)



#### **WARNING**

#### Risk of injury due to the use of third-party systems!

Use only ITT Bornemann GmbH approved auxiliary systems.

Sealing system

- 1. Ensure that the barrier fluid is compatible with the pumped medium.
- 2. ▶ Determining the sealing system (→ pump data sheet).
- 3. ▶ Install sealing system (→ manufacturer's documentation, pump system additional instructions).
- **4.** ▶ Ensure that the parameters have been met for the installed sealing system (→ pump data sheet, manufacturer's documentation).

### Pressure safety valve



### **WARNING**

### Risk of injury due to pressure safety valve!

- The pressure safety valve is under pressure, do not touch.
- The pressure safety valves are configured and may not be changed.
- Ensure that the factory setting of the pressure safety valve complies with the requirements of the pump.

### Heating/cooling of the casing (optional)



It is possible that the centre height of the drive shaft may change as a result of heating up. In this case, the pump assembly must be realigned (→ Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).

- **1.** Lay connections and install heating / cooling in an orderly manner (→ manufacturer's instructions).
- 2. ▶ Check technical data for the heating / cooling medium (→ job datasheet).



- 3. Bleed heating/cooling.
- **4.** ▶ For heating/cooling, ensure:
  - Required parameters (→ system documentation, pump datasheet, dimensional drawing)
  - Temperature difference between heating medium and pumped medium less than 50 °C
  - Switch on pump heating at least 2 h before commissioning.

#### Oil lubrication system

- 1. ▶ Determining the oil lubrication system (→ pump data sheet).
- 3. ▶ Ensure necessary operating parameters (→ manufacturer's data).

### 6.1.6 Inertisation (for ATEX)



#### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to explosion!

Observe the additional ATEX instructions!



In the case of potentially explosive atmospheres, make sure that suitable equipment (including inertisation connections, gas measuring device, inert gas) for the inertisation of the pump and pipelines is available and ready for use.

#### Preparation for inertisation

- 1. Securely close all interfaces to the pumping process:
  - "Double block and bleed" principle,
  - Blank flange,
  - Spectacle blinds (secure against unintended opening),
  - Shut valves.
  - Effectively disconnect the drive power for valve drives,
  - Attach warning signs to manual valves that cannot be shut ("Do not open!"),
  - Monitor leak-tightness with gas detectors.
- 2. Guide all bleeds ("Double block and bleed" principle) to the safe area.
- **3.** Switch off power to the drive system and secure to prevent it being switched on again.

#### Prerequisites for inertisation

- Preparation for inertisation (→ 'Preparation for inertisation' on page 51) completed.
- Pump switched off and disconnected from the electrical system.
- Inlet and outlet side valves (supplied by customer) closed.

### Process for inertisation

- **1.** Select suitable pipeline as the bleed line (at the highest point of the system) and route to the safe area.
- 2. Connect the gas measuring device to the end of the previously selected bleed line.
- 3. Activate gas measurement.

51



- **4.** Deen the valve on the selected bleed line (bleed valve).
- **5.** Connect inert gas to suitable fill valve (at the lowest point of the system).
- **6.** Fully inertise pump and pipelines with max. 5 bar fill pressure from bottom to top until only pure inert gas flows through the bleed line.
  - The pump and pipelines are now inertised. Before commissioning: Fill the pump properly (→ Chapter 6.1.7 'Filling and bleeding' on page 52).

### 6.1.7 Filling and bleeding



#### WARNING

### Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous pumped media!

 Safely contain escaped pumped media and dispose of in an environmentally friendly manner.



#### NOTICE

#### Risk of damage due to dry running!

Ensure that the pump is properly filled.



In case of flammable or explosive pumped media → ATEX additional instructions.

#### Prerequisites for filling

- Pump correctly installed, connected and inertised (→ Chapter 6.1.6 'Inertisation (for ATEX)' on page 51).
- All connections leak-tight and tension-free.
- Inlet and outlet side valve (supplied by customer) closed.
- Drainage valves closed.
- Auxiliary system ready for operation.

#### **Process for filling**

- 1. ▶ Clean / sterilise the pump, if necessary (→ Chapter 6.3 'Cleaning/sterilizing the pump' on page 56).
- **2.** Fully open the inlet side valve.
- **3.** Wait until pressure equalisation has taken place and close the inlet side valve once more.
- **4.** Bleed pump and pipelines.
- **5.** Repeat filling procedure until the pump has been correctly filled.
- **6.** Close the inlet side valve.
- **7.** Ensure that all of the connections and connecting pieces are leak-tight.

### 6.1.8 Switching on with initial commissioning

### Prerequisites:

- Pump correctly installed and connected.
- Motor correctly installed and connected.
- Motor aligned precisely to the pump.
- Turning direction of the motor checked.



- All connections leak-tight and tension-free.
- All safety devices installed and checked for functionality.
- Pump correctly prepared, inertised, filled and bled.
- If present: Heating/cooling and pumped medium at operating temperature (→ pump data sheet).
- Auxiliary system ready for operation and switched on.



#### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- If possible: Allow the pump to cool prior to work.



#### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous pumped media!

Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.



#### **NOTICE**

### Bearing damage due to overheating!

- If available, open leakage drain.
- Keep cooling fins free.
- Protect pump from direct sunlight.



#### **NOTICE**

### Risk of damage due to dry running!

- Ensure that the pump is properly filled.



### NOTICE

# Irreparable damage to the pump system due to throttling on the outlet side!

- Severe loading of the pump due to liquid sludge with throttling on the outlet side.
- Never operate the pump against a closed or partially closed valve in the outlet line.
- Never throttle the outlet side.



### NOTICE

### Risk of cavitation due to throttling of the media flow!

- Open the inlet side valve fully and do not use for regulating the pump capacity.
- Regularly check the filter for soiling.
- Maintain the viscosity of the media being pumped within the specified range (¬ Pump data sheet).





#### **NOTICE**

#### Property damage due to incorrect alignment

As soon as the pump system has reached the operating temperature following start-up:

- Check alignment anew!
- Ensure that the pumped medium is at the operating temperature (→ pump data sheet).
- 2. Fully open the inlet side valve.
- 3. Fully open the outlet side valve.
- **4.** Switch on the motor and ensure that it runs smoothly.
- 5. For pumps with hot conveyed medium: Ensure temperature change of less than 2 K/min.
- **6.** After initial operation under pressure at operating temperature: Check that the pump is leak-tight.
- 7. After reaching operating temperature: Check that the alignment is correct (→ Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).

### 6.1.9 Switching off with initial commissioning



#### **WARNING**

### Risk of injury due to hot pump parts!

- Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.
- Allow the pump to cool prior to work.
- 1. Switch off the motor. Maintain the following functions, if present:
  - Sealing system,
  - Cooling water supply until the pump operating temperature has dropped below 100 °C.
- 2. Close the inlet and outlet side valves.
- **3.** If present and permitted in the process: Switch off heating.
  - The pumped medium must not solidify.
- **4.** At operating temperature: Check coupling alignment and realign motor if necessary (→ Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).
- 5. Clean / sterilise the pump, if necessary (→ Chapter 6.3 'Cleaning/sterilizing the pump' on page 56).
- 6. ▶ Check all connecting screws and tighten if necessary.

### 6.2 Operation



#### **NOTICE**

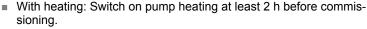
Irreparable damage to the pump system due to throttling on the outlet side!

- Severe loading of the pump due to liquid sludge with throttling on the outlet side.
- Never operate the pump against a closed or partially closed valve in the outlet line.
- Never throttle the outlet side.



### 6.2.1 Preparing for operation

If necessary, carry out the following steps:



- Prepare auxiliary operating systems (→ Chapter 6.1.5 'Preparing auxiliary operating systems (if present)' on page 50).
- Clean / sterilise the pump, if necessary ( Chapter 6.3 'Cleaning/sterilizing the pump' on page 56).
- Fill and bleed pump (→ Chapter 6.1.7 'Filling and bleeding' on page 52).
- Ensure that the pumped medium is at the operating temperature (→ pump data sheet).

### 6.2.2 Switching on

Prerequisite:

- First commissioning correctly completed (→ Chapter 6.1 'Performing initial commissioning' on page 49).
- Operation correctly prepared.



#### DANGER

### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- If possible: Allow the pump to cool prior to work.



### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous pumped media!

Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Bearing damage due to overheating!

- If available, open leakage drain.
- Keep cooling fins free.
- Protect pump from direct sunlight.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Risk of cavitation due to throttling of the media flow!

- Open the inlet side valve fully and do not use for regulating the pump capacity.
- Regularly check the filter for soiling.
- Maintain the viscosity of the media being pumped within the specified range (>> Pump data sheet).



#### **NOTICE**

#### Risk of damage due to dry running!

Ensure that the pump is properly filled.





#### **NOTICE**

# Irreparable damage to the pump system due to throttling on the outlet side!

- Severe loading of the pump due to liquid sludge with throttling on the outlet side.
- Never operate the pump against a closed or partially closed valve in the outlet line.
- Never throttle the outlet side.
- 1. Fully open the outlet side valve.
- **2.** Fully open the inlet side valve.
- 3. Switch on the motor and ensure that it runs smoothly.
- **4.** For pumps with hot conveyed medium: Ensure temperature change of less than 2 K/min.

### 6.2.3 Switching off



#### **NOTICE**

### Property damage due to voltage peaks!

- Only switch the unit off using the EMERGENCY STOP button in an emergency!
- 1. Switch off the motor. Maintain the following functions, if present:
  - For double mechanical seals: Sealing pressure, until pump is pressure-free (→ manufacturer's data),
  - Sealing system,
  - Cooling water supply until the pump operating temperature has dropped below 100 °C.
- 2. Dose the inlet and outlet side valves.
- 3. Close the outlet side valves.
- **4.** If present and permitted in the process: Switch off heating.
  - The pumped medium must not solidify.
- **5.** Dopen the drain screw until the pump is depressurised.
- **6.** ▶ Screw in and tighten the drain screw.
- Clean / sterilise the pump, if necessary (→ Chapter 6.3 'Cleaning/sterilizing the pump' on page 56).

### 6.3 Cleaning/sterilizing the pump



SLH and SLH-S series pumps can be cleaned/sterilised without dismantling.

Determine CIP medium and CIP temperature in accordance with the operating requirements.

*5*7





#### NOTICE

# Damage to pumps, hoses and fittings with pressure testing or rinsing!

- When carrying out pressure tests or rinsing: Do not expose pumps, hoses or fittings to impermissible pressure.
- Separate pumps, hoses or fittings from the system in advance if necessary.

### 6.3.1 CIP cleaning/sterilising at CIP temperature below 80 °C

### Prerequisites:

- For pumps with sealing system: Sealing system in operation.
- Pump stopped.
- 1. Switch pipeline system to CIP medium.
- 2. ▶ Start pump (→ Chapter 6.2.2 'Switching on' on page 55).
- 3. ▶ Clean pipeline system and pump.
- **4.** Switch off pump (→ Chapter 6.2.3 'Switching off' on page 56).
- **5.** Remove all traces of the CIP medium.

# 6.3.2 CIP cleaning/sterilising at CIP temperature above 80 °C and pump with sealing system or quench system

#### Prerequisites:

- Sealing/quench system in operation.
- Pump stopped.



#### **NOTICE**

### Property damage resulting from pump jamming!

- Warm up pump whilst stationary.
- 1. Switch pipeline system to CIP medium.
- 2. ▶ Start pump (→ Chapter 6.2.2 'Switching on' on page 55).
- 3. | If the pump is cold:
  - Stop the pump for approx. 10 minutes.
  - Wait for casing temperature above 60 °C.
  - Restart the pump.
- 4. Clean pipeline system and pump.
- 5. Switch off pump (→ Chapter 6.2.3 'Switching off' on page 56).
- **6.** ▶ Remove all traces of the CIP medium.

# 6.3.3 CIP cleaning/sterilising at CIP temperature above 80 °C and pump without sealing system, without quench system

#### Prerequisite:

Pump stopped.

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S





#### NOTICE

### Material damage due to overheated mechanical seal!

- Only clean/sterilise pump when it is stopped.
- Cleaning time shorter than 30 minutes.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Material damage due to turbine effect!

- During cleaning/sterilising due to steaming: Lock pump.
- 1. Switch pipeline system to CIP medium.
- 2. Clean pipeline system and pump.
- 3. Remove all traces of the CIP medium.
- 4. Remove the blockage.

### 6.3.4 Mechanically cleaning/sterilising

#### Prerequisites

- Pump switched off and depressurised.
- Inlet and outlet side valves closed.
- If present: Heating/cooling switched off.
- Auxiliary operating systems switched off and depressurised.



#### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work, switch off the motor and safeguard against being switched on again.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work safeguard the pump against pressure charging.



#### **WARNING**

### Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous pumped media!

 Safely contain escaped pumped media and dispose of in an environmentally friendly manner.



### **WARNING**

### Risk of poisoning due to cleaning agents in the foodstuffs sector!

- Only use cleaning agents that are compatible with the pumped medium.
- Use cleaning agents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Observe company's cleaning directives.



#### NOTICE

#### Risk of property damage due to water in the bearings area!

- Seal up the bleed hole in the oil fill plug.
- 1. Undo inlet and outlet lines from the pump casing.

Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S

58



- **2.** For pumps with axial supports: Remove pipe adjusting piece.
- 3. Unscrew fastening screws.
- 4. Pull pump casing off carefully.
- **5.** Remove sealing ring on intermediate flange.
- **6.** Clean/sterilise pump casing and internal parts of the pump with suitable cleaning agent.
- 7. Carefully slide on the pump casing over the spindles, observe the installed position of inlet and outlet nozzles (→ dimensioned drawing).
- 8. Screw in and tighten fastening screws.
- 9. Remove the seal again on the bleed hole of the oil filling screw.

### 6.4 Putting out of operation



#### **WARNING**

### Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous pumped media!

- Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.
- Fully empty the pump and pipelines.
- Safely contain escaped pumped media and dispose of in an environmentally friendly manner.
- Neutralise the pumped medium residues in the pump.

### 6.4.1 Measures in accordance with the conveyed medium

Pumped medium behaviour	Duration of operating interruption (dependent on process)			
	short	long		
Sludge solids	<ul><li>Emptying the pump</li><li>Rinsing the pump</li></ul>	<ul><li>Emptying the pump</li><li>Rinsing the pump</li></ul>		
set/frozen, not corrosive	Heat or empty pump, tank and pipes	Empty pump, tank and pipes		
set/frozen, corrosive	<ul> <li>Heat or empty pump, tank and pipes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Empty pump, tank and pipes</li> <li>Rinse pump, tank and pipes</li> <li>Preserve pump, tank and pipes → Chapter 4.2 'Preservation' on page 25</li> </ul>		
remains liquid, not corrosive	-	-		
remains liquid, corrosive	-	<ul> <li>Empty pump, tank and pipes</li> <li>Rinse pump, tank and pipes</li> <li>Preserve pump, tank and pipes → Chapter 4.2 'Preservation' on page 25</li> </ul>		

### 6.5 Recommissioning

- 1. Observe the manufacturer's instructions (→ Chapter 4.4 'Removing the preservative' on page 26).
- 2. Carry out all of the steps as per the commissioning process (→ Chapter 6.1 'Performing initial commissioning' on page 49).



### 6.6 Operating the stand-by pump



Parallel operation of pumps only with express approval of ITT Bornemann GmbH.

Alternately operate the pump and stand-by pump.

#### Prerequisite:

Standby pump filled and bled.

Operate the stand-by pump at least once per week.

### 6.7 Disposal

#### Observe the national regulations applicable to disposal!



#### DANGER

### Risk of poisoning due to pumped medium!

- Contamination of the pump and medium-contacting parts by toxic pumped media or pumped media with naturally radioactive accompanying substances.
- Depending on the strength of contamination cleaning the medium-contacting parts may not be sufficient.
- Dispose of parts that have come into contact with media in accordance with national regulations.
- Wear personal protective equipment.



#### **DANGER**

#### Risk of explosion!

- When pumping crude oil/natural gas mixtures, it is possible that deposits of iron oxide compounds may form, which are self-igniting at high temperatures and/or with flying sparks.
- With open systems, keep self-igniting material as far away as possible and dispose of correctly.
- Do not leave open systems unattended.
- Keep suitable extinguishers to hand during work.

### Before disposing of the system:

- Pump switched off and disconnected from the electrical system.
- Inlet and outlet side valves (supplied by customer) closed.
- Carefully collect any pumped medium, operating substances and oil that leaks out and dispose of separately in accordance with locally applicable regulations.
- Pump completely emptied and rinsed.
- Neutralise pumped medium residue in the pump.
- Remove preservative (→ Chapter 4.4 'Removing the preservative' on page 26).
- Disassemble plastic parts and dispose of them in accordance with applicable local regulations.
- Disassemble electronic parts and dispose of them in accordance with applicable local regulations.



### 7 Maintenance and repairs



Trained customer service engineers from ITT Bornemann GmbH are available for installation and repairs. Upon request, present verification for the pumped material – DIN safety data sheet or declaration of no objection (→ Chapter 9.2 'Declaration of no objection' on page 74).



#### DANGER

Mortal danger due to explosion!

Observe the additional ATEX instructions!



#### **WARNING**

### Risk of injury due to unprofessional work!

- Only allow work to be carried out by technical specialists who have the required knowledge and practical experience to do so:
  - Installation, initial commissioning, repairs, maintenance,
  - Work on the electrical and electronic systems.
- Make personal safety equipment available.
- Observe statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations.
- Only use original parts or parts approved by ITT Bornemann GmbH.
- Spare parts lists and repair instructions on request, where not included in the scope of supply.

### 7.1 Wearing parts

Wearing parts have a limited shelf-life because of their functionality and are therefore not subject to the warranty.

Regarded as standard wearing parts are:

- mechanical seals.
- Gaskets,
- roller bearings,
- radial shaft seals,
- O-rings,
- gland packings.

Regarded as long-term wearing parts are:

- shafts and conveyor screws,
- casing insert.

### 7.2 Monitoring



The test intervals are dependent on the pump loads.

Information about automated monitoring functions → System documentation.





#### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- If possible: Allow the pump to cool prior to work.



#### WARNING

#### Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous pumped media!

Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.

### 

- Temperature of bearings with metal cage (Alarm at 100 °C, shut-down at 120 °C)
- No change to the normal operating states,
- Alignment of the coupling and state of the elastic elements,
- Function of safety equipment (→ Manufacturer's specifications),
- Proper condition of the auxiliary systems,
- if present: Rupture disc is intact (→ Manufacturer's specifications),
- Sealing system and condition of the barrier fluid,
- all warning and information signs fitted and legible.

### **2.** Ensure for trouble-free operation:

- no dry run,
- tightness,
- no cavitation,
- valves open on inlet side,
- valves open on outlet side,
- filter free and clean,
- sufficient supply pressure,
- no unusual running noise or vibrations,
- no impermissible leakage in the shaft seal.
- function of the auxiliary systems,
- within the framework of the inspection intervals, check the rigid body vibrations, e.g. influences to the pump via foundations or pipeline connections,
- Regularly clean the surfaces in order to prevent deposits of more than 5 mm.

### 7.3 Maintenance



### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to electric shock!

- Only allow work to be carried out on the electrical systems by a qualified electrician.
- Prior to work on the electrics, de-energise the system and safeguard it against being switched on again.





#### **DANGER**

#### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work, switch off the motor and safeguard against being switched on again.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work safeguard the pump against pressure charging.



### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to moving machinery!

 Ensure that the coupling guards are mounted on completion of work on the pump.



#### **WARNING**

# Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous or hot pumped media!

- Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.
- Allow the pump to cool prior to work, if possible.
- Ensure that the pump is pressure-free.
- Empty the pump, flush if necessary and safely contain pumped media and dispose of in an environmentally friendly manner.
- When working on the system always monitor for gas leaks using an appropriate gas detection device (fixed installation or mobile gas detection device).
- Do not work on the system alone or without regularly reporting back.
- For applications with natural radioactivity:
  - Wear breathing protection, avoid inhaling dust and absorption of solids.
  - Decontaminate or dispose of clothing after work.



Mechanical seals have a function-related leak (→ manufacturer's specifications).

Mechanical seals are subject to natural wear, which largely depends on the respective conditions of use. It is therefore not possible to provide general information regarding the service life.



Maintenance intervals are shorter with more severe operating conditions (e.g. frequent switching on/off, high temperatures, low viscosity, aggressive environmental and process conditions).

63

### Please note:

■ Before opening the pump or system components, always ensure that the pump has been taken out of operation properly (→ Chapter 6.4 'Putting out of operation' on page 59).

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



### 7.3.1 Maintenance table

Unless otherwise necessary due to the operating mode, carry out maintenance work in accordance with the following tables.

Tab. 5: Maintenance – intervals and measures to be carried out

Interval	Module (if available)	Who	Provision
Once, after reaching operating temperature for the first time	Pump, coupling, motor	Specialist personnel	Check hot alignment (→ Chapter 5.5.3 'Taking into account peak height changes' on page 37).
Hourly, during start-up phase	Auxiliary sealing system 1)	Specialist personnel	<ul> <li>Check the filter and bleed valve for soiling.</li> <li>Check filling level of barrier fluid. 1)</li> </ul>
Weekly	Coupling	Specialist per- sonnel	Check the coupling for wear.
	Gear casing <sup>2)</sup>	Specialist personnel	<ul> <li>Check oil level.</li> <li>Top up/replace if necessary (→ Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).</li> </ul>
	Mechanical seal	Specialist personnel	<ul> <li>Check for leakage.</li> <li>In the event of severe leakage:         <ul> <li>Determine leakage intensity by counting the drops.</li> <li>Consult manufacturer (specify leakage site and intensity).</li> <li>Replace mechanical seal (consult the manufacturer).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Lip seals	Specialist personnel	<ul> <li>Check for leakage.</li> <li>In the event of severe leakage:         <ul> <li>Check oil levels at short intervals.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Determine leakage intensity by counting the drops.</li> <li>Consult manufacturer (specify leakage site and intensity).</li> <li>Replace lip seal (consult the manufacturer).</li> </ul>
	Sealing system  Quench system	Specialist personnel	<ul> <li>Check function. 1)</li> <li>Clean filter and ventilation valve. 1)</li> <li>Top up barrier fluid if necessary. 1)</li> <li>If barrier/quench liquid is contaminated:         <ul> <li>Check mechanical seal and renew barrier/quench liquid.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Drive unit 1)	Specialist per- sonnel	■ Check for wear. ¹)
	Heating (optional) 1)	Specialist personnel	<ul> <li>Check function. <sup>1)</sup></li> <li>Check tightness. <sup>1)</sup></li> </ul>
After the first 250 hours of operation, at the latest after 3 months	Drive unit 1)	Specialist personnel	■ Check the coupling alignment (→ Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).
3 months	Sealing system  Quench system	Specialist personnel	Change barrier/quench liquid.
Every 6 months	Auxiliary sealing system	Specialist personnel	Change barrier fluid.



Interval	Module (if available)	Who	Provision
yearly	Drive unit 1)	Specialist personnel	■ Check the coupling alignment ( Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34).

<sup>1)</sup> Manufacturer's specifications, pump system operating instructions

Tab. 6: Maintenance – Lubrication maintenance intervals

Application	Interval	Assembly	Provisions (to be performed by specialist personnel)
Foods:  ■ Area: Foods & pharmaceuticals  ■ Ambient temperature: -40 °C to ≤ 40 °C  ■ PAO oil	Oil lubrication:  After the first 250 hours of operation, at the latest after 3 months  intermittent operation: every 4000 hours of operation, at the latest after 25 months	Gears and bearings	■ Change the oil (→ Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).
	<ul> <li>continuous operation: every 8000 hours of operation, at the latest after 18 months</li> </ul>		

### 7.3.2 Lubrication



Observe order-based documentation (→ system documentation). If in doubt, the lubrication amounts specified there apply.



### **NOTICE**

### Property damage due to incorrect lubrication!

- Ensure correct lubricant types (→ Chapter 7.7 'Lubricant' on page 69).
- Ensure sufficient lubricant quantity (→ Chapter 7.8 'Lubricant amounts' on page 70).

**65** 





Change lubricating oil (→ Chapter 7.7 'Lubricant' on page 69).

- 1. Open the oil drain and drain the lubricating oil at operating temperature into a suitable collecting vessel.
- 2. Close oil drain again and top up lubricating oil.

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S

<sup>2)</sup> Includes bearings and gears



#### Filling lubricating oil

**Procedure** 

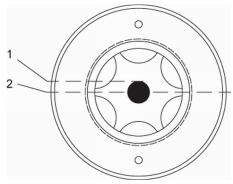


Fig. 18: Oil level gauge on gear casing or bearings hood

No.	Description
1	Maximum oil level
2	Minimum oil level

- **1.** Switch off pump and safeguard against a restart.
- 2. Let pump cool (min. 15 min cooling time).
- 3. Open oil filling screw.
- **4.** Fill lubricating oil into gear casing/bearings hood until the oil level in the oil level gauge is within the specified limits.
- 5. Screw in oil filling screw with sealing ring.
- 6. ▶ Check oil level on oil level gauge and adjust if necessary.

### 7.4 Remove pump and send to manufacturer



Warranty claims shall be void in the event that the pump is opened by the customer during the warranty period.



### **DANGER**

#### Mortal danger due to electric shock!

- Only allow work to be carried out on the electrical systems by a qualified electrician.
- Prior to work on the electrics, de-energise the system and safeguard it against being switched on again.



#### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work, switch off the motor and safeguard against being switched on again.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work safeguard the pump against pressure charging.





#### **WARNING**

# Risk of injury and poisoning due to hazardous or hot pumped media!

- Use personal protective equipment during all work on the pump.
- Allow the pump to cool prior to work, if possible.
- Ensure that the pump is pressure-free.
- Empty the pump, flush if necessary and safely contain pumped media and dispose of in an environmentally friendly manner.

### Please note:

■ Before removing the pump, always ensure that the pump has been taken out of operation properly (→ Chapter 6.4 'Putting out of operation' on page 59).

### 7.4.1 Removing the pump



#### **WARNING**

#### Slip hazard!

- Clean up walkways if contaminated with leaked materials.



### NOTICE

### Property damage due to improper transportation!

- To lift the pump, attach the sling to the bearing or gearbox housing so that it cannot slip.
- Do not use the holes for lifting eyes for lifting the pump or pump assembly.
- Do not use the lifting eyes of the components (motor) to lift the entire pump assembly.
- Ensure that the pump assembly is not overly tensioned when it is lifted.
- Ensure that the lifting tackle does not damage pipelines, assemblies or fan cowl of the motor when lifting, use a lifting frame if necessary ( dimensional drawings, operating instructions for pump system).
- Make personal protective equipment available.
- Observe statutory or other safety and accident prevention regulations.

### Prerequisites:

- Pump switched off and safeguarded against being switched on again.
- Pump pressure-free.
- Pump completely emptied and rinsed.
- Pump disconnected from the electrical system.
- Inlet and outlet-side valves shut and safeguarded against unintentional opening.
- Pump cooled.
- Coupling guard dismantled.
- For coupling with spacer: Remove spacer.

Procedure:

▶ Remove the pump from the system.

67



### 7.4.2 Sending the pump to the manufacturer

Repair work may only be executed if the declaration of no objection has been received ( Chapter 9.2 'Declaration of no objection' on page 74).

#### Prerequisites:

- Pump removed.
- Pump cooled.
- Pump cleaned.
- All flanges and screw bores plugged.
- Only return pump or individual components to ITT Bornemann GmbH with a completed declaration of no objection (→ Chapter 9.2 'Declaration of no objection' on page 74).
- **2.** Depending on the desired repair, observe the required provisions for return in accordance with the following table.

Tab. 7: Provisions for return

Repair	Provisions for return
To be performed by ITT Bornemann GmbH	<ul> <li>Rinse pump and decontaminate in the event of hazardous pumped media.</li> <li>Return complete pump (not disassembled) to ITT Bornemann GmbH.</li> <li>Specify the following details:         <ul> <li>Reason for repair</li> <li>Operating conditions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
With warranty claim via ITT Bornemann GmbH	<ul> <li>Rinse pump and decontaminate in the event of hazardous pumped media.</li> <li>Return complete pump (not disassembled) to ITT Bornemann GmbH.</li> <li>Specify the following details:         <ul> <li>Information about occurrence of damage</li> <li>Operating conditions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### 7.5 Repair pump



Trained customer service engineers from ITT Bornemann GmbH are available for installation and repairs. Upon request present verification for the pumped material – DIN safety datasheet or declaration of no objection (→ Chapter 9.2 'Declaration of no objection' on page 74).

Repair instructions can be ordered together with replacement parts for self-repairs.

68 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S





### **DANGER**

### Risk of injury due to running pump!

- Do not touch the pump when it is running.
- Do not work on the pump when it is running.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work, switch off the motor and safeguard against being switched on again.
- Prior to all assembly and maintenance work safeguard the pump against pressure charging.

### 7.5.1 Ordering spare parts

- The following information is required for ordering spare parts (→ Chapter 3.1.1 'Type plate' on page 18):
  - brief designation of the pump,
  - order number,
  - machine number/serial number,
  - item number of the part (→ spare parts list) or TAG number (→ manufacturer's components list),
  - name,
  - number.

### 7.6 Lubrication points

Oil lubrication procedure

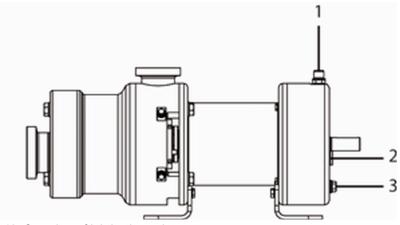


Fig. 19: Overview of lubrication points

No.	Description	No.	Description
1	Oil inlet and bleeding	3	Oil drain
2	Oil sight glass		

### 7.7 Lubricant

The lubricant used is noted on a material label on the pump.

→ Supplementary document on lubricants and preservatives





### **NOTICE**

Property damage resulting from the use of incompatible lubricants!

- Only use one type of lubricant.

### 7.8 Lubricant amounts

Tab. 8: Lubricant amounts

Size	approx. oil quantity [l]
10xx	0.30
20xx	0.50
30xx	0.90
40xx	1.50
50xx	4.70
60xx	5.40

### 7.9 Preservative agents



→ Supplementary document on lubricants and preservatives

### 7.10 Cleaning agent

Area of application	Cleaning agent
External cleaning	Cleaning solvent, wax remover, diesel, petroleum, alkaline cleaner
Internal cleaning	The operator must ensure compatibility with the sealing material when selecting the cleaning agent. If required, contact ITT Bornemann GmbH.

71



# 8 Troubleshooting

Faults that are not specified in the following table or which are not traceable to one of the specified causes should be discussed with ITT Bornemann GmbH.

The list of possible faults are given with a number in the following table. This number can be used to look up the cause and measure for rectification in the faults table.

Fault	Number
Pump fails to convey.	1
Pump conveys insufficiently.	2
Pump conveys excessively.	3
Pump runs unevenly or extremely loudly.	4
Pump jams.	5
Pump leaks.	6
Power consumption of the motor too high.	7

Tab. 9: Fault table

	Fault number Cause						Cause	Remedy		
4				5		7				
							Excessive play between:  Feed screws Feed screws and casing	<ul><li>Repair or exchange worn parts.</li><li>Consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.</li></ul>		
Χ	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	Delivery/inlet line closed by valve.	■ Fully open valves.		
X	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	Pump not completely filled.	■ Completely fill pump (→ Chapter 6.1.7 'Filling and bleeding' on page 52).		
X	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	-	Speed too low.	Increase speed with speed regulator.		
X	X	-	X	-	-	-	Delivery/inlet line, pump or filter blocked or encrusted.	<ul> <li>Clean delivery/inlet line, pump or filter.</li> <li>Check filter mesh size and change if necessary, in consultation with ITT Bornemann GmbH.</li> </ul>		
X	-	-	X	-	-	-	Uncontrolled opening of the safety valve.	Check and, if necessary, adjust the safety valve setting.		
X	-	X	X	-	-	-	Pump direction of rotation incorrect.	■ Check and, if necessary, adjust the drive's direction of rotation (→ Chapter 5.8.3 'Checking the direction of rotation' on page 47).		
X	-	-	Χ	X	-	Χ	Pump contaminated.	■ Consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.		
X	Χ	-	Χ			Χ	Outlet line blocked.	■ Clean outlet line.		
X	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Connecting screws not properly tightened.	■ Tighten connecting screws.		
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Viscosity or temperature of the conveying medium deviates from the pump's design data (→ pump datasheet).	■ Consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.		
-	X	-	Χ	-	-	-	Diameter of the inlet or outlet line too narrow.	<ul><li>Increase diameter.</li><li>Clean inlet or outlet line of deposits.</li></ul>		

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



	Fault number			Cause	Remedy			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
-	X	-	X	-	-	-	Temperature of the conveyed medium too high: Pump cavitation.	<ul><li>Lower temperature.</li><li>Adjust speed.</li><li>Consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.</li></ul>
-	X	-	X	-	-	X	Outlet side valve insufficiently opened.	Fully open the outlet side valve.
-	-	Χ	X	-	-	X	Speed too high.	Lower speed with speed regulator.
-	-	-	-	-	Χ	-	Pump leaking.	Consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH.
-	-	-	X	-	-	-	Coupling elements worn.  Coupling not properly aligned.	■ Check and, if necessary, replace the coupling elements.  (  Chapter 5.5 'Aligning the pump assembly' on page 34)
-	-	-	X	-	-	-	Insufficient oil in gear casing.	■ Top up oil.  ( Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).
-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	Insufficient oil in bearing casing.	■ Top up oil.  ( Chapter 7.3.2 'Lubrication' on page 65).
-	-	-	X	X	-	-	Pipelines too tight.	<ul><li>Check pipeline.</li><li>Connect pipelines so that they are slack.</li></ul>
-	-	-	X	Χ	-	X	Expansion of the internal pump components under excessive temperatures.	Wait for the temperature to equalise.
-	-	-	X	X	-	X	Bearings/gears faulty.	Consult with ITT Bornemann GmbH. If necessary, send the pump to ITT Bornemann GmbH.
-	-	-	X	X	-	X	Pump excessively tight.	<ul> <li>Check the connections and pipeline nozzles and fastenings on the pump.</li> <li>Check the alignment of the coupling.</li> <li>Check the fastening of the support.</li> <li>Check foundation.</li> </ul>
-	-	-	Χ	Χ	-	X	Motor bearings faulty.	Consult the manufacturer.

**73** 



# 9 Appendix

### 9.1 Technical data



The pump has an anticipated service life of 20 years.



Additional technical data → pump data sheet.

### 9.1.1 Ambient conditions



For use under other ambient conditions, consult the → pump data sheet or contact ITT Bornemann GmbH.

- Temperature max. 40 °C, min. -10 °C (or → pump data sheet).
- Installation above sea level max. 1000 m.

### 9.1.2 Noise level



Measurements carried out as per DIN 45635, Part 1. The emission values have been determined under reproducible conditions in accordance with DIN 45635, Part 24. The measurement is based on a single screw pump.

The specified sound levels are approximate values.

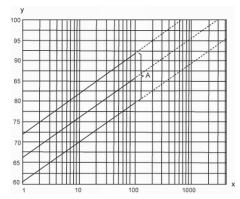


Fig. 20: Airborne sound level diagram (source: VDI 3734)

Letter	Description
X	Output demand [kW]
у	Airborne sound level measurement surface LpA [dB]
Α	Scatter band

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



#### **Declaration of no objection** 9.2

Please copy and send with the pump.

Tab. 10: Declaration of no objection

Statutory regulations oblige all commercial companies to protect their employees, the public and the environment from the hazardous effects of dangerous substances.

For this reason, repair and inspection of the products and their parts may only be undertaken once the following declaration has been correctly and fully filled out and signed by an authorised, qualified engineer.

If safety measures must be employed despite complete emptying and cleaning on the part of the operator, then this required

information must be passed on. This declaration of no objection comprises part of		
We hereby declare that the enclosed device		
Туре:		
Serial number:		
<ul> <li>is free of hazardous materials. Special safety measures for further handling of</li> <li>The device has been fully emptied and thoroughly cleaned inside and out principle.</li> </ul>		ecessary.
The following media was previously conveyed by the pump:		
The medium was hazardous:	☐ YES	□ NO
The pump was emptied by the operating firm:	☐ YES	□ NO
The pump was thoroughly cleaned inside and out by the operating firm:	☐ YES	□ NO
The pump came into contact with hazardous substances:	☐ YES	□ NO
If yes: Hazardous material number according to Ordinance on Hazardous Substances (GefStoffV):		
or CAS registration number (Chemical Abstract Service):		
Company/Institute:		
Street:		
Postcode, city:		
Telephone:		
Name:		
Item:		
Date:		
Signature, company stamp:		

**75** 



### 9.3 Declaration in accordance with the EC machinery directive

### 9.3.1 Declaration of conformity in accordance with the EC machinery directive



The following declaration does not contain a serial number or signatures. The original declaration is supplied with the respective pump.

Tab. 11: Declaration of conformity

EG declaration of conformity in accordance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/	/EC appendix II A					
We hereby declare,						
ITT Bornemann GmbH						
Postbox 1162, 31676 Obernkirchen						
Tel. +49 (0) 5724-390-0, Fax +49 (0) 5724-390-290,						
that the following machine:						
Serial number:						
Name:						
Year of manufacture:						
conforms with the following EC directives, insofar as the prerequisites for com in particular in the operating instructions, are fulfilled:	missioning stated in the engineering document,					
<ul> <li>Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC),</li> <li>Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC),</li> <li>EMC directive (2004/108/EC).</li> </ul>						
(The applicable directives are marked.)						
Applied harmonised standards:						
<ul> <li>EN 349:1993+A1:2008</li> <li>EN 953:1997+A1:2009</li> <li>EN 13732-1:2008</li> <li>EN 1672-2:2005+A1:2009</li> <li>EN 13951:2012</li> <li>EN 12162:2001+A1:2009</li> <li>EN ISO 12100:2010</li> <li>EN 809:1998+A1:2009+AC:2010</li> <li>EN ISO 14159:2008</li> <li>Applied harmonised standards for operation in an explosion-prone area:</li> <li>EN ISO 1127-1:2011</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>EN 13463-1:2011</li> <li>EN 13463-5:2011</li> <li>EN 13463-6:2005</li> </ul>						
Authorised for the compilation of the documentation verifying conformity:						
ITT Bornemann GmbH						
Postfach 1162						
31676 Obernkirchen						
Company stamp/signature: Company stamp/sig	gnature:					
Head of Engineering Head of Sales						

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



# 9.3.2 Declaration of incorporation in accordance with the EC machinery directive

The following declaration does not contain a serial number or signatures. The original declaration is supplied with the respective pump.

### Tab. 12: Declaration of incorporation

EG declaration of incorporation in accordance with Machi	nery Directive 2006/42/EC appendix II B					
We hereby declare,						
ITT Bornemann GmbH						
Postbox 1162, 31676 Obernkirchen						
Tel. +49 (0) 5724-390-0, Fax +49 (0) 5724-390-290,						
that the following incomplete machine:						
Serial number:						
Name:						
Year of manufacture:						
complies with the following essential requirements of the	machinery directive (2006/42/EC):					
Annex I, articles 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.4, 1.3	5.7, 1.7.3.					
Applied harmonised standards:						
■ EN 349:1993+A1:2008						
■ EN 953:1997+A1:2009						
■ EN 13732-1:2008						
■ EN 1672-2:2005+A1:2009						
■ EN 13951:2012						
■ EN 12162:2001+A1:2009						
■ EN ISO 12100:2010						
■ EN 809:1998+A1:2009+AC:2010						
■ EN ISO 14159:2008						
Applied harmonised standards for operation in an explosion	on-prone area:					
■ EN ISO 1127-1:2011						
■ EN 13463-1:2011 ■ EN 13463-5:2011						
■ EN 13463-6:2005						
	n determined that the machine into which this machine is to be					
incorporated corresponds with the terms of the respective						
	documents for this incomplete machine have been generated per these to the market surveillance authorities upon request.					
Authorised for the compilation of this documentation:						
ITT Bornemann GmbH						
Postfach 1162						
31676 Obernkirchen						
Company stamp/signature:	Company stamp/signature:					
Head of Engineering	Head of Sales					

**77** 



### 9.4 Declarations according to Machinery (Safety) Regulations – UKCA

### 9.4.1 Declaration of Conformity to Machinery (Safety) Regulations – UKCA



The following declaration does not contain a serial number or signatures. The original declaration is supplied with the respective pump.

Tab. 13: Declaration of conformity

Tab. 13: Declaration of conformity							
UKCA Declaration of Conformity							
according to Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, 2008 No. 1597							
We,							
ITT Bornemann GmbH							
Postfach 1162, 31676 Obern	nkirchen						
Tel. +49 (0) 5724-390-0, Fax	( +49 (0) 5724-390-290,						
hereby declare that the follow	wing machine:						
Order no.	0						
Name	0						
Quantity	0						
Serial no.	0						
Year of manufacture	0						
	UKCA directives, insofar as the pile operating instructions, are fulfille	rerequisites for commissioning stated in the engineering					
document, in particular in the	operating instructions, are runne						
$\square$	Supply of Machinery	(Safety) Regulations 2008, 2008 No. 1597					
	Electromagnetic com	patibility regulations 2016, 2016 No. 1091					
(The applicable directives ar	re marked)						
Applied harmonised standard	ds						
EN 349:1993+A1:2008		EN 809:1998+A1:2009+AC:2010					
EN 14120:2015		EN 12162:2001+A1:2009					
EN 13732-1:2008	EN 13732-1:2008 EN ISO 12100:2010						
Authorised for the compilation of this documentation:							
JU. Brandt (Head of Product Development and Basic Research)							
Obernkirchen, date 16/02/2022							
Managing director		Head of Engineering					

04.04.2024 Rev. 4 Type SLH-4G, SLH-4S



#### 9.4.2 Declaration of Incorporation to Machinery (Safety) Regulations - UKCA

The following declaration does not contain a serial number or signatures. The original declaration is supplied with the respective pump.

Tab. 14: Declaration of incorporation

### **UKCA Declaration of Incorporation**

according to Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, 2008 No. 1597

We,

ITT Bornemann GmbH

Postfach 1162, 31676 Obernkirchen

Tel. +49 (0) 5724-390-0, Fax +49 (0) 5724-390-290,

hereby declare that the following machine:

Order no. 0 Name Quantity 0 Serial no. 0 Year of manufacture 0

complies with the following essential requirements of the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, 2008 No. 1597: Annex I, articles 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.4, 1.3.7 and 1.7.3.

Commissioning is prohibited until such time as it has been determined that the machine into which this machine is to be incorporated corresponds with the terms of the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, 2008 No. 1597.

Furthermore, we hereby declare that the special technical documents for this incomplete machine have been generated per annex VII part B and we undertake to pass over a copy of these to the market surveillance authorities upon request.

Applied harmonised standards

EN 809:1998+A1:2009+AC:2010 EN 12162:2001+A1:2009 EN 13732-1:2008 EN ISO 12100:2010

Authorised for the compilation of this documentation:

J.-U. Brandt (Head of Product Development and Basic Research)

Obernkirchen, date 16/02/2022

Managing director Head of Engineering



www.bornemann.com



An ITT Brand

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